

Hawaiian Gazette.

VOL. XXXVIII, No. 55.

HONOLULU, H. T., TUESDAY JULY 7, 1903—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE No. 2501.

POPE LEO XIII IS NOW RAPIDLY NEARING HIS END

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

ROME, July 5.—Leo XIII is dying.

The end of the Pope is at hand, for though the report that his death was near has often circulated, and as often proven untrue, today in the Vatican there can be found none who believes other than that a few hours will see the passing of the venerable pontiff.

This morning upon the advice of his physician, Doctor Lapponi,



LEO XIII.

who is constantly in attendance, the sacrament of extreme function was administered. The Pope has conscious periods, and calmly awaits his end.

He suffers from pains in the chest and throat and takes stimulants and concentrated foods in small quantities frequently, the effect of this form of nourishment being to defer dissolution.

The bedside of the dying man is surrounded by the Cardinals now here, and other dignitaries of the church. Many inquiring telegrams from European monarchs received, and to all the answer is that the death of His Holiness is very near.

Already there has begun the speculation as to his probable successor. The leading names mentioned for the headship of the church are Cardinals Rampolla, Vannutelli, Agliardi and Satolli, of the Italian members of the college and Cardinal Gibbons of America, the latter being the candidate of the foreign party.

It is known that the Pope has indicated his wish that Rampolla be chosen to succeed him, but this seems impossible. Cardinal Satolli, to whom Leo XIII gave the delicate mission of inaugurating the representation of Rome at Washington, has many friends and is a strong factor.

ROME, July 7, 1 a. m.—The Pope will probably die before morning. He is hardly breathing, his voice is weaker and he lies motionless. His chamber is filled with oxygen. Digitalis and caffeine are being injected to secure artificial respiration. Repeated doses of chloral are also being administered. His Holiness sat up occasionally during the day to see the sun. Dr. Lapponi says there is no hope. The Cardinals are showing great activity in preparing for the conclave. Cardinal Rampolla is considered to be the favorite candidate for the succession.

Cardinal Rampolla is, from the ecclesiastical point of view, still young; that is to say, he is on the right side of sixty, for he was born on August 27, 1843. He belongs to one of the oldest Italian patrician families, and seems to have made up his mind to become a priest when still quite a child. A mere accident occasioned his entrance at the Vatican Seminary, where his remarkable intelligence caused him to be early noted as one destined for preferment; he took orders at twenty-three, and shortly after, Pius IX. made him a Canon of St. Peter's. By the time Rampolla was thirty, he had entered diplomacy, and was attached to the Spanish nunciature. The Spanish Papal Nuncio was Simonei, and a short absence made by him gave Rampolla his chance, for just then Spain was being torn in two by the Carlist War, and the young Italian priest played his difficult part between the two parties with extraordinary intelligence and astuteness. This brought him to the notice of another great Papal diplomat, the present Pope, and it was through his efforts that Rampolla was made Papal Nuncio at Madrid, and together the then new Pope and Rampolla managed the difficult arbitration case concerning the Caroline Islands. Shortly after this episode, Leo XIII. sent for his young coadjutor, and he has now been the Papal Secretary of State for fifteen years.

The fact that Cardinal Rampolla has kept his great position so long is perhaps the most remarkable proof of his marvelous ability.

HONOLULU CHINESE MERCHANT CAPTURED BY CANTONESE PIRATES

Lam Ching Wa of This City Held For Ransom by Chinese Outlaws.

A special dispatch to the Shanghai Times says:

CANTON, June 25.—Much consternation prevails here and throughout this province in high Chinese circles over the kidnapping of Lam Cho, the Hawaiian Chinese capitalist, and three other prominent Chinamen.

Invited to what they supposed to be a friend's house near Sun Wai Kwang Temple, Lam Cho and his companions were seized and quickly conveyed to the interior, where they are held for ransom.

After the capture one of the buccaneers sent word to a friend of Lam Cho's in this city that he and companions would be released on the payment of a \$20,000 ransom.

The Times (Volcano Marshall's paper) says:

Lam Cho, next to Ah Fong, is the best known Chinaman in Hawaii. He went to Hawaii many years ago. He early cultivated the acquaintance of George W. Macfarlane, then chamberlain to King Kalakaua I. Through Macfarlane he was frequently accorded audience with the King and this acquaintanceship ripened into one of warm friendship. Lam Cho received valuable concessions and was largely instrumental in bringing Chinese contract labor into Hawaii prior to and after the adoption of the reciprocity treaty with the United States.

On the death of Kalakaua and the ascension of Liliuokalani as Queen Lam Cho became her confidential adviser on Chinese affairs in the Kingdom.

Lam Cho came to Canton six months ago, and for one concession at Canton he paid \$150,000. His kidnapping will cause a sensation in Hawaii and the United States.—Editor.

A GUNBOAT TO THE RESCUE.

CANTON, June 27.—When the American authorities here heard of the capture and detention of Lam Cho they immediately sent word to the commander of the gunboat Callao to rescue him and companions, if possible.

The real name of the Honolulu Chinaman whose troubles are reported above is Lam Ching Wa. He has been a merchant here for nearly thirty years, is the man who according to the reports brought to his business associates yesterday, is in the hands of river pirates, and on whose head the price of \$10,000 has been set. Letters from Lam Say Kai, nephew of the prisoner, also a business man of this city, tell of the capture of his uncle and of the fact that he has not yet been released.

Lam Ching Wa came to Honolulu and early engaged in dry goods at the corner of Nuuanu and Hotel streets. Later he entered other lines and prospered in all. He joined the Sing Chong Company some fourteen years ago and since that time he has been one of the leaders in the affairs of that corporation. After he had sold dry goods for a time he secured a lease on the Waimanalo rice lands, later extending his field of operations until he had extensive holdings all along the coast in the Koolau side of the island. It was the predominance of his rice interests which brought him into the company of which he is a prominent member. He likewise is chief owner in the Wing Chung Lung Company, groceries, and at one time was the proprietor of the great hotel at Maunakea and Hotel streets.

Lam Ching Wa is now fifty-eight years of age, has a large family, only one child being a son. The young man is a merchant and banker in the native city of Hang Shan. A son-in-law is the cashier of the Sing Chong Company.

According to the reports which have been received here Lam Ching Wa went from his native city of Hang Shan, where he has been for six years past, on a visit to Canton. The journey is made by steamer, the sixty miles occupying some eight hours. On the return trip there were eleven of the leading merchants and bankers of Hang Shan in the steamer. About eight miles out of Canton, a band of pirates, the members of the company having boarded the vessel at Canton as passengers, took possession of the ship. The pirates bound the officers and then ran the steamer over toward a small stream, in the meanwhile securing all the valuables on board. They were met by small boats, into which they loaded the goods, and as well all men of substance, who would be able to pay well for release. This done the vessel was sent along to Hang Shan with messages to the families of the captured ones that they would be delivered upon the payment of certain sums of money. While no names of the other captives are given in any of the correspondence received here it is thought that at least two others are Honolulu men.

A quarter of a century past Lam Ching Wa was naturalized under the monarchy. He was a friend of Kalakaua, and was often consulted in relation to affairs which concerned the Chinese. He voted under the Republic and it is said by his business associates intended to return to Hawaii. He became an American citizen by annexation and it is believed that he was the man meant in the cables telling of the capture of an American citizen near Canton, and the chase of the pirates by an American gunboat, with the subsequent release of the prisoner.

Attorneys have been consulted here and it is the belief that the family has been advised to pay over the ransom and then make a claim through Washington for indemnity to cover the amount and as well the damages done by forcible detention.

RACE RIOT IN INDIANA TOWN OVER MURDER

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

EVANSVILLE, Ind., July 5.—This city is in the hands of a mob tonight, and fears are entertained that before the arrival of the troops, ordered here by the governor, there may be an outbreak of the threatened race riot, which will mean the loss of scores of lives and the destruction of the city.

Last evening a drunken negro stabbed and instantly killed a patrolman, who was arresting him for disorderly conduct. Immediately upon the facts becoming known a mob of white men formed to lynch the negro, and counter demonstrations of negroes were made to prevent summary action.

While the mob of whites was marching to the jail there were several collisions with armed parties of negroes and in the fights two negroes and one white man were killed. The gun stores were broken open and all the ammunition taken, most of it going into the hands of the whites, though the negroes secured enough to make the outlook dangerous.

At the jail the sheriff had heard of the mob and secretly removed the prisoner. The mob battered down the jail doors and fired upon the guard, refusing to disperse until it was known that the man wanted was not inside.

In the meantime the negroes had organized fully and armed, and began to march through the city; threatening to kill all whites and burn the business section. The whites retaliated, forming into a compact body and sending similar threats to the negro leaders.

The city is in a state of panic, as every one is thoroughly aroused and greater trouble is expected before morning.

Evansville is one of the important river shipping towns along the Ohio, and has a large population of negroes, principally those who work on the river steamers or are employed along the water front.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., July 6.—Lawlessness is rampant in this city tonight. Vengeful crowds are singing around the jail and the militia are retreating under showers of stones. In a bayonet charge many rioters were knocked down. They replied with shots and the troops retaliated, killing seven and wounding twenty.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 6.—Governor Durrin has ordered out more militia and has declared Evansville under martial law.

SIGNIFICANT MOVEMENT OF AMERICAN WARSHIPS ALARMS ST. PETERSBURG

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Count Cassini has left for St. Petersburg. The Russian government is disturbed over the fact that Admiral Evans' fleet in the Gulf of Pechili has been augmented to a total of fifteen vessels and that the fleet under Admiral Glass has been ordered to the Aleutian islands. The latter move is regarded as highly significant.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 6.—Count Cassini's diplomacy has met the strong disapproval of the Czar. Cassini has paid too much attention to the Keshineff petition and too little to the American policy in Manchuria. Russian plans require the separation of the United States from Japan and Great Britain and this Count Cassini has not affected.

TIEN-TSIN, July 6.—An outbreak of hostilities is considered imminent.

Challenger Wins Again.

NEW YORK, June 6.—The challenger again easily defeated Shamrock I in trial races today.

(AFTERNOON ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

BERLIN, July 6.—Emperor William started for Norway today. He will make a tour of that country.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—The S. S. Sonoma arrived this afternoon from the Colonies via Honolulu.

MIDWAY ISLANDS, July 6.—The naval transport Solace which sailed from Honolulu July 1, arrived here today.

LONDON, July 6.—President Loubet of France arrived today to return the visit of King Edward VII. He was accorded a most enthusiastic reception.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—A third wreck on the North Shore road within a very few weeks occurred today. The engineer of the wrecked locomotive was killed and two other persons were injured.

ROME, Italy, July 6.—Owing to the Pope's condition, last night was one of general depression in Rome. As to the Pope's condition, his respiration is increasing in frequency per minute, the pulse is almost imperceptible. Nevertheless his mind is perfectly clear.

EVANSVILLE, Indiana, July 6.—Everything here is quiet today, though it is feared it is the lull before the storm. The negroes of the city continue to arm and it is feared that they will form a mob tonight and carry out their threats of massacring the whites and burning the town.

GREENSBURG, Pennsylvania, July 6.—It is now known that there were seventy-five persons lost their lives at Oakford Park yesterday by reason of the bursting of the waterspout which instantly transformed a quiet stream into a raging torrent. Those who died were picnickers.

MANILA, P. I., July 6.—The United States Army transport Summer struck the reef on the coast of the Island of Luzon. She had on board the Fourth United States Infantry. She was so badly damaged by striking the reef that in order to prevent her foundering she was beached. The soldiers aboard being transported from Manila to other parts of the Archipelago, were saved.

PACIFIC CABLE COMPLETED TO THE FAR EAST

Last Link in the All-American Line Completed at Honolulu Yesterday.

(From Sunday's Daily.)

At just eight minutes past five o'clock last evening communication was opened with Midway Island from the Honolulu end of the cable and the last link in the great American cable was complete. Half an hour afterwards the cable was flashing back and forth messages between Oyster Bay and Manila, via San Francisco, Honolulu, Midway and Guam, and President Roosevelt's desire to use the cable on the Fourth of July had been gratified.

JUST LIKE CLOCKWORK.

The finishing touches which marked the completion of one of the greatest enterprises of the Twentieth century went through without a hitch.

The shore end was successfully landed at Sans Souci at eight o'clock yesterday morning. The men on the Anglia started to work at six o'clock and proceeding with great care the third attempt to land the cable was made without accident or break. Once this part of the undertaking had been accomplished there was no further trouble. Then the splice to the intermediate cable was made and the tests to the cable house showed this to be in working order at eleven o'clock. Immediately the Anglia started on her seaward journey to pick up the buoyed end of the Midway Cable which was lying eighteen miles from Sans Souci. At two o'clock the Anglia reached the outside buoy and picked up the cable and without the slightest difficulty. The sea was unusually quiet and everything worked like clockwork. Tests were made with the Midway cable and it proved to be in fine working order. Then the splice of the two ends was made and Hawaii and Midway were in communication. Before the cable was again dropped overboard Midway was notified from the ship that within an hour the connection would be completed into Honolulu. The cable was dropped overboard at half past four and the Anglia then started on her return trip.

TESTS ARE MADE.

As soon as the cable operators at the Sans Souci station were notified that the splice had been made they began their tests. Everything appeared to be working smoothly from the start and at eight minutes past five the cable was in working order between the cable office and Midway Island.

MESSAGES STACKED UP.

Cablegrams were waiting at the local office for the connection to be made, and immediately Supt. Gaines started to clean up the accumulated congratulatory messages. First however, the messages from President Roosevelt and Governor Taft of the Philippines were disposed of.

GIRDLES THE EARTH IN NINE MINUTES.

Among the messages first sent over the wire were those from President Roosevelt to Clarence H. Mackay and the reply of the President of the Cable company to the President of the United States. Roosevelt was in Oyster Bay and Mr. Mackay in New York, seventy miles away, but the message and the reply each girdled the earth before reaching the destination. Roosevelt's message was sent from Oyster Bay around the world via Honolulu to Mr. Mackay in New York reaching him in just twelve minutes, including the time for transfer from one line to another. Mr. Mackay's reply was sent from New York, around the world as well, but across the Atlantic, and then around by way of Manila, Midway and Honolulu. This message reached Roosevelt in nine minutes.

MANY CONGRATULATORY MESSAGES.

For four solid hours the cable operators were kept busy sending the congratulatory messages which had been filed during the day. These included messages from Gov. Dole, the Joint Committee of the Chamber of Commerce and Merchants' Association, from the various foreign official representatives, government officials and other prominent people.

DOLE SENDS CONGRATULATIONS.

Gov. Dole sent congratulatory messages to President Roosevelt, Gov. Taft of the Philippines and Clarence Mackay. They appear elsewhere.

BUSINESS CONGRATULATIONS.

The messages sent by the Chamber of Commerce and Merchants' Association are on page 7.

THE GOVERNOR'S CABLE MESSAGES.

Honolulu, T. H., July 3d, 1903.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT, Washington, D. C.
Permit me to congratulate you upon the completion of the Mackay Cable from Manila to Honolulu, which, assuring quick communication from the mainland to the new possessions of the Pacific Ocean by a domestic line, strengthens the union of the United States of America.

SANFORD B. DOLE,
Governor.

Honolulu, T. H., July 3d, 1903.

GOVERNOR TAFT, Manila, P. I.
The completion of the cable between Manila and Honolulu makes us near neighbors and will, I am confident, tend to develop improved commercial relations between the Philippines and the Hawaiian Islands. I rejoice to use this opportunity to wish you good morning and to express my interest in the success of your administration, recognizing the important and difficult problems with which you are confronted.

SANFORD B. DOLE,
Governor.

Honolulu, T. H., July 3d, 1903.

MACKAY CABLE COMPANY.
I desire to use the opportunity afforded by the completion of the cable of your company, to express my enthusiastic admiration of the patriotic enterprise of the late Mr. Mackay which led him without government assistance to plan the great scheme of laying a cable across the Pacific Ocean to connect the outlying new possessions of the United States with the mainland. Permit me also to express my appreciation of the work of his representatives in promptly and successfully carrying out his plans to the great public benefit of the Territory of Hawaii.

SANFORD B. DOLE,
Governor.



CLARENCE H. MACKAY.

PATRIOTIC ELOQUENCE ON THE FOURTH IN THE UNITED STATES COURT

(From Sunday's Daily.)

The "legalized Fourth of July," as Judge Hartwell called it, held under the forms of a session of the United States District Court not only reflected luster on the originator of the idea but gave complete satisfaction to a large assembly of patriotic men and women. Instead of one prolix oration of the stereotyped order, there was a symposium of many brief speeches which contained not a few apt thoughts of the sort to make the hearers think. There was but one flaw and that the absence of patriotic song—except so far as the omission was supplied by the reading of the immortal Declaration of Independence in the sense of its being, as one of the speakers said, the grandest of poems.

The Federal courtroom was decorated with flags, mainly the stars and stripes, effectively placed and a great profusion of golden shower bloom upon the tables.

THE ASSEMBLAGE.

Judge Estee had on his left, upon the bench, Chief Justice Frear, Justice Galbraith and Justice Perry of the Territorial Supreme Court, while in front of the bar Circuit Judges De Bolt and Gear were seated. There were chairs facing the audience for the officers of the court present—District Attorney Breckous, Assistant Attorney Dunne, Marshal Hendry, Clerk Maling and Stenographer Avery, but they gave up the comfortable privilege when the American general public began to fill up standing room.

Three rows of seats to the right of the judicial dais were reserved for ladies, of whom were present: Mrs. S.

B. Dole, Mrs. Estee, Mrs. Galbraith, Mrs. Dunne, Mrs. Chamberlain, Mrs. Rawlins, Mrs. C. L. Rhodes, Mrs. H. Williams, Mrs. A. M. Mellis, Mrs. Gray, Mrs. Bricker, Mrs. G. D. Gear, Miss Ryan, Miss Handy and many more.

Governor Dole was seated by his wife, and among those noticed throughout the courtroom were the following named: Judge A. S. Hartwell, W. O. Smith, Superintendent of Education A. T. Atkinson, Auditor J. H. Fisher, Capt. Pond, U. S. N., Judge Stanley, E. P. Dole, Rev. D. Chamberlain, Collector of Internal Revenue; E. R. Stackable, Collector of Customs; J. Mort Oat, Postmaster; J. W. Pratt, Tax Assessor; George R. Carter, Secretary of the Territory; Rt. Rev. Bishop Restarick, Rev. G. L. Pearson, Lt. Col. Ziegler, Capt. Short, Col. W. F. Allen, Wm. Henry, C. R. Hemenway, W. E. Fisher, T. F. Lansing, S. B. Rose, Capt. Jas. Black, W. M. Langston, A. W. Neeley, L. H. Dee, Senator D. P. R. Isenberg, Alex. Cockburn, W. W. Hall, A. M. Webb, E. S. Cunha, J. Lightfoot, J. L. Kaulukou, F. S. Dodge, Dr. Emerson, Frank L. Winter, E. R. Bath, J. M. Riggs, Samuel Parker, Geo. A. Davis, L. C. Ables, A. A. Montano, Jared G. Smith, Director Federal Experiment Station, A. M. Mellis, H. E. Highton, J. M. Vivas, J. W. Cathcart, A. F. Cooke, John Magoon, C. S. Desky, etc.

COURT OPENED.

Judge Estee ordered the court opened and addressing: "Mr. Clerk, ladies and gentlemen," said he had heard

(Continued on page 6.)

THE PRESIDENT SENDS THE FIRST CABLE MESSAGE

Pope Leo XIII Believed to Be Nearing His End--Heart Action Failing.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)



OYSTER BAY, L. I., JULY 4.
TO TAFT, MANILA: I OPEN THE AMERICAN PACIFIC CABLE WITH GREETINGS TO YOU AND THE PEOPLE OF THE PHILIPPINES.
THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

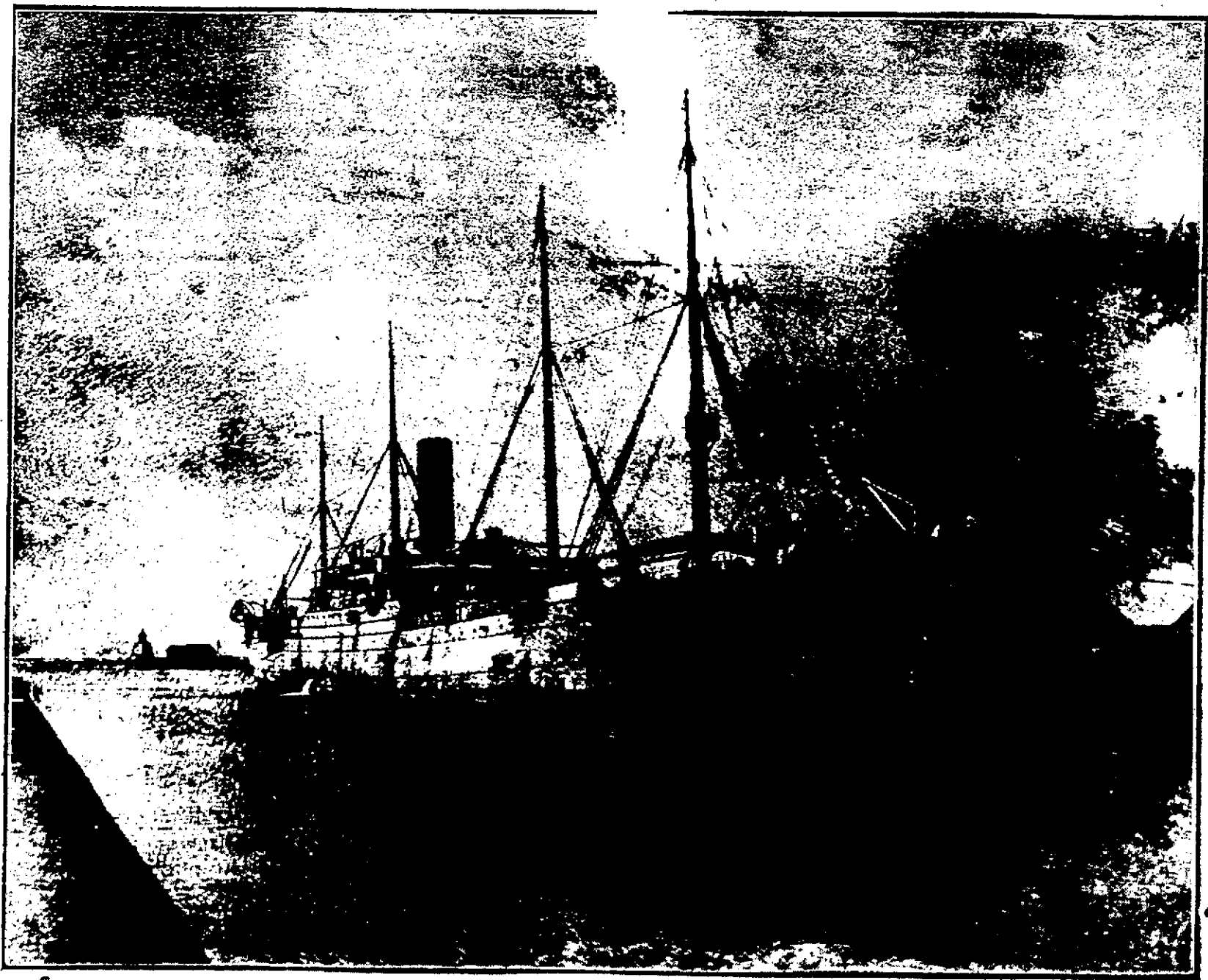
MANILA, P. I., July 4.—To the President: The Filipino people and Americans resident in these islands, are glad to present their respective greetings and congratulations to the President of the United States conveyed over the cable with which American enterprise has girdled the Pacific, thereby rendering greatly easier and more frequent communication between the two countries. It will certainly lead to closer union and a better mutual understanding of each others' sympathies and of their common interest in the prosperity of the Philippines and the education and development of the Filipino. It is not inappropriate to incorporate in this first message across the Pacific from the Philippines to America, an earnest plea for the reduction of the tariff on Filipino products in accordance with the broad and liberal spirit which the American people desire to manifest toward the Philippines and of which you have been an earnest exponent.

TAFT.

POPE LEO XIII IS NEARING LIFE'S END

ROME, July 5.—The Pope is apparently near his end. He is ill with senile anemia and the action of his heart has to be maintained by the use of digitalis. There promises to be a serious crisis in his condition within the next few days.

PITTSBURG, July 4.—During a storm today an electric wire, heavily charged, fell in the wet streets. The rain water which flooded the thoroughfares acted as a conductor and four people received fatal shocks.



THE ANGLIA, WHICH LAID THE CABLE.

(Advertiser Photo.)

HEALANI CREWS ARE IN FRONT Both Boat Races Go to the Blues.

(From Sunday's Daily.)

Blue above the red was the rule for those aquatically inclined yesterday, and dinners paid last night by losers who had backed the Myrtle crews, were to the accompaniment of all sorts of blues. For the Healani, in races which were in excellent time, considering, took both the senior and junior events, the former in the good time of 10:05 2-5, and the latter in 10:16. If pushed it would easily have been possible for the senior crew to have beaten the record, 9:46, made in an Australian lap streak boat.

Both races were won before the first half mile was reached. Lost, for the gains made by the blues in that first leg of the distance, were such that it was seen to be impossible for the red crew to overcome the advantage, and in each instance it was a procession to the finish. The Healani showed the better form, rowing cleanly, and, having a lighter coxswain, their boats were trimmed more perfectly. The disadvantages to which the Myrtles were put by losing two men out of the senior boat, and losing the training of their bow oar in the junior crew for several days prior to the race, told in the grueling pace set by their opponents, and while they are the best of losers and will not talk of such things, it is a fact nevertheless that these conditions must have had the deciding influence as much as any others. Sorenson and Johnson, the new men in the senior crew, pulled good oars, but the disadvantage was apparent, and do their best they could not get any go into the boat, which dragged unmercifully on the run down.

It was a pretty crowd which gathered to see the races, though it was not as large an attendance as was expected. Twelve hundred people it might be estimated were on the shores of the middle lagoon to see the finishes of the contests, and what with bright colors and gay flags, there was an appearance of life which made an attractive picture. The people were carried to the water's edge by the trains and there they spread about the grounds, to the pavilions and into the club-houses, filled the piers and out on the yachts and house boats of the lagoon. One merry party made its headquarters on the Ark, and despite the fact that red predominated in the decorations there was a deal of enthusiasm even if blue was shown at each of the half mile posts during both races.

RACES STARTED PROMPTLY.

The officials and those who might be said to have official connection with the day's sport, were taken to the Peninsula by a train leaving at 8 o'clock, and when they got to the scene of the day's sports they found many persons about looking for the sport. The launch Waterwitch was the judges' boat, and before the special train of thirteen coaches which bore the mass of the crowd had been sighted, the officers of the day got out to see that all was in readiness.

Before 9:45 o'clock the crews were in the water and on their way to the start, close to the railroad line, and it was 10:03 when L. de L. Ward sent the senior crews away for the first tour over the course. The Myrtles had the mauka position for both events. The Healani were quickly ready for the start, having sent a lad out to hold the boat straight.

With the word both crews caught the water and the blades flashed together. Myrtle seemed to get away first but it was only "seemed," for within four hundred yards the boats were level, the Healani rowing a long clean stroke of thirty to the minute, while the Myrtles had settled into their pace with twenty-eight strokes. The quarter mile ended the even rowing, for the Healani boat began to creep ahead. It moved with precision and when the half mile was reached there was more than three lengths to the good. The Healani passed this flag in 3:15 and the Myrtles were six seconds behind. The race was over so far as the reds having a chance being concerned. The Healani were in fine form, were rowing well within themselves, and could have been called upon for a spurt at any moment. It was a fairly fast race, though of course as the distance between the boats widened the Healani could not gauge their speed so well.

At the mile the advantage had grown to twenty-seven seconds, the blues passing in 6:42 and the reds in 7:09. The Healani went on however, and finally when within a few hundred yards or so from the finish Damon called upon his men and they sent the stroke up to thirty-two and flashed across the line in 10:05 2-5, winners by 40 4-5 seconds. The time of the Myrtles being 10:46 1-5. And the crowd which had been screaming encouragement to the rowers for the last quarter mile roared its approval of the victory, while the men in the boats cheered each other.

The Healani crew was in fine form, caught the water cleanly and forcefully, dropped their hands sharply at the finish and cleared without any dragging. The Myrtles were not trimmed in the boat as well, and it was apparent that they did not have the training. This may be understood in view of the two men named above having been in the

boat only ten days. In face of this the race was excellently rowed and beaten though they were, there was nothing but glory for the four and their backers and trainers, for they rowed well rather than forfeit.

JUNIORS WIN AS WELL.

It took nearly three quarters of an hour for the enthusiasm of the men to blow off sufficiently for the youngsters to come out for their race. There was little maneuvering at the start and the boats were sent away clearly at 10:58, both crews catching the water together and rowing about the same stroke, twenty-eight. The Myrtles had a bit the best of it at the first and the Healani hit it up a stroke to the minute, so that when the quarter had been passed the blues had crawled up to even terms with the reds, and soon began to show ahead.

The half mile was reached by the Healani in 3:16 and then was nearly a boat length to the good, the Myrtles being there in 3:17 1/2. As in the senior race it became a procession, for the blues were rowing in superior form. At the mile the lead had grown to ten seconds, the time being: Healani, 6:48; Myrtle, 6:58. Without incident other than the cheering of the enthusiasts and the tooting of horns, the blue lads went on, winning by twenty-five seconds, representing about twelve boat lengths, in 10:16.

The superior form of the Healani was apparent in their clean work with the oars. In the Myrtle boat there was an evident lack of form, Dexter, who had not been in the boat for several days, showing need of training, dragging his oar and falling to get clear with speed in any instance. W. Damon (stroke) rowed a race which was of the very highest quality and the same might be said of No. 2, the form of No. 3 being a little off. The young Healani rowed excellently. Williams (stroke) had one foot in a bandage, and walked with a crutch, but he got a good leg drive out of it, and kept his men well in hand all the way. The youngsters were full of life at the end in both boats.

THE CREWS WERE:

SENIORS.

Healani—Stroke, F. B. Damon; No. 3, Dan Renner, (Capt.); No. 2, Paul Jarrett; bow, B. F. Hellbron; coxswain, Harry Steiner.

Myrtles—Stroke, G. Crozier, (Capt.); No. 3, W. H. Soper; No. 2, Ollie Sorenson; bow, Sam Johnson; coxswain, Milton Alvarez.

JUNIORS.

Healani—Stroke, W. Williams (Capt.); No. 3, F. Williams; No. 2, R. McCriston; bow, J. Clark; coxswain, Harry Tinker.

Myrtles—Stroke, W. Damon (Capt.); No. 3, Lewis King; No. 2, W. Simpson; bow, Ruby Dexter; coxswain, M. Alvarez.

ADMIRAL TERRY IS EXPECTED SOON

Admiral Terry, the new commandant of the Naval Station here, is expected to arrive on the Alameda next Friday morning. No official advices to that effect have been received at the naval station but as Admiral Terry was detached from duty July 1st it is thought he will report here as soon thereafter as possible.

It is probable that Admiral Terry will be given the command of the Pearl Harbor Naval station when once active operations begin there. It is said by naval officials that Pearl Harbor will be made one of the strongest fortified places in the world, and the selection of Admiral Terry to take charge of the work is indicative of this intention on the part of the Navy Department.

The Pearl Harbor Naval station will far outrank in importance that in Honolulu, and Admiral Terry if sent to Pearl Harbor will outrank whatever officer is placed in charge in Honolulu.

SHALL WE DISPUTE

The Opinions of Scores of Our Fellow Citizens

Residents of Honolulu, like other American citizens, in making an investment want to be sure of getting the worth of their money. They want to know all the ways and wherefores, and in a direct ratio to the value of the investment they burrow and ferret until satisfied with the collateral. Take an instance in the realm of proprietary articles. If we know of a friend who has been cured we have some faith in the preparation; if we know of two or three our faith increases. If the cures reach scores all well known citizens, anyone who still maintains that there is nothing beyond ordinary merit in the said preparation, can safely be left to the care of his fellow tax-payers. If he wishes to pick a quarrel with them on the question of their judgment and veracity, he has ample opportunity in Honolulu to do so. Begin with this case.

Mr. H. H. Smythe, of Inter-Island S. S. Co., this city, writes to tell us that he was afflicted with a lame back for a number of years. "Ascribing the cause of this to the kidneys and hearing about Doan's Backache Kidney Pills, I got some of them at the Hollister Drug Co.'s store. They relieved me so much that I am perfectly satisfied with the result of having taken them, and can recommend the pills to others suffering from backache."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are becoming popular in Honolulu because they are always endorsed by Honolulu people.

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all druggists and storekeepers at 50 cents per box (six boxes for \$2.50) or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

EMIL FETTER FIRES A BULLET IN HIS TEMPLE.

(From Sunday's Daily.)

Despondent because of his failure to secure work and because of growing deafness Emil Fetter shot himself through the temple about five o'clock yesterday afternoon, dying instantly.

Fetter has been making his home with his brother-in-law, Captain Paul Smith at Fort and Vineyard streets for months past, during all of which time he was unable to secure work at his trade, that of tinsmith. A few weeks ago he attempted to get work as a conductor or motorman on the Rapid Transit line, but his deafness stood in the way. For many years Fetter has been trying to have the defect in his ears cured, and consulted eminent specialists in San Francisco, but they did him no good. A short time ago he went to a local physician and was told positively that there was no hope for him. This taken in connection with lack of employment made him despondent. Fetter has not been in the best of health for the past few weeks, complaining of pains in his stomach. Though not confined to his bed he had not left the house since Friday morning. Yesterday afternoon a few minutes before five o'clock he asked Captain Smith where his sister, Mrs. Smith, was. The boy was informed that she had gone to the beach with the children and Fetter turned away and said no more. Captain Smith resuming his reading a few minutes later Mr. Smith heard a peculiar noise, but thought nothing of it, until chancing to go into his room for a new book he saw that the door of the bathroom (which is always open) was closed. He called Fetter by name several times but received no answer. Then starting towards the bathroom, which is in a detached building he detected the odor of gunpowder smoke. The door was locked, but by use of a ladder Captain Smith gained entrance. Young Fetter was lying in the bath tub, only partly dressed, with a revolver at his side, and blood streaming from a wound in the temple. A physician was summoned but Fetter's death had been instantaneous. The weapon used was a thirty-two calibre revolver belonging to Captain Smith, which Fetter had evidently picked from the wall as he went to the bathroom.

Fetter was only about twenty-five years of age. He came to Honolulu with his parents at the age of two years, and was educated at St. Louis College, afterwards learning the tinner and plumbing trade.

Besides his sister, Mrs. Paul Smith, the deceased is survived by a brother, Captain Fetter of Hilo, and his mother, sister and another brother in San Francisco. A brother of the deceased was killed about two years ago while at work on the dredger in the harbor here. The deceased was always a quiet, unassuming man and had many friends. He was well known among local militiamen, having been chief bugler for the National Guard.

A coroner's jury was impaneled to consider the case, and viewed the body yesterday.

THE NEW WHARF FOR KAULAPAPA

A gang of men from the Public Works Department is now at work on the reconstruction of the Kailua wharf on Hawaii which will be entirely rebuilt. After that work has been completed the same gang will go to the Leper Settlement for the purpose of building the breakwater and wharf at Kaulapapa. This was provided for in a special bill passed at the regular session and appropriating \$5,000 for the purpose. Assistant Superintendent Campbell did not let out the job by contract for the reason that the lucky bidder might send an undesirable class of workmen to the settlement. The gang now at work at Kailua was especially picked because of the sobriety and character of the men, and they will do the work at the settlement. This job has been delayed because it will take longer than any of the other improvements of island wharves. A section sixty by thirty feet will be taken from the solid rock at Kaulapapa and will be used in building a breakwater out from the proposed wharf. The wharf will be in the slip made by the excavation.

DYSENTERY causes the death of more people than small pox and yellow fever combined. In an army it is dreaded more than a battle. It requires prompt and effective treatment. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera, and Diarrhoea Remedy has been used in nine epidemics of dysentery in the United States with perfect success and has cured the most malignant cases both of children and adults, and under the most trying conditions. Every household should have a bottle at hand. Get it today. It may save a life. All Dealers and Druggists sell it. Renfro Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

Captain Whiting, who formerly commanded at the Naval Station here has been acting as president of the Board of Inspection at San Francisco. Advices received on the Gaelic are to the effect that he has been ordered to the command of the United States Naval Training Station at Yerba Buena, San Francisco.

OLD FACTS NEWLY TOLD Disbarment Trial Makes Much Progress.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

Yesterday's proceedings in the disbarment case before the Supreme Court were marked by a few incidents which relieved them somewhat of the monotony of the oftend told tale of meetings in law offices to dispose of John K. Sumner's fortune.

One comical revelation was that of an heir presumptive to the old man's estate being so well satisfied with his prospects, on the occasion of such a convalesce, that he dreamily gazed out of the window oblivious to the reading of a document which directed the payment of ten thousand dollars to him, and then signed a letter of acknowledgment without knowing but he thereby assented to a sentence of disinheritance against himself.

Other episodes of the day will be found in the condensed report below, but special mention may be made of the refusal of the court to listen to a statement foreign to the issues volunteered by George A. Davis, the array of witnesses to his good reputation by Mr. Humphreys, the same respondent's venture at having the Chief Justice give evidence and, finally, the testifying of Mr. Humphreys in his own behalf which was in progress when the court adjourned till Monday morning.

AN HEIR PRESUMPTIVE.

John S. Ellis was the first witness and occupied the stand more than half the morning. Examined by Mr. Thompson he told of the meeting in Highton's office when the sale to the O. R. & L. Co. was effected, in substance as follows: Sumner said the Bishop was still his trustee, and then you said, "Children, sign the deed," when you returned from George Davis's office you had, besides the deed, the release from the Davises; (shown letter from Highton to Sumner and the Ellises) don't remember seeing that letter; (letter withdrawn and letter in reply shown) yes, that's my signature; (shown first letter again) I have seen a copy of that letter before, in Highton's office; don't remember receiving a copy, it was read to me by Highton; Highton asked me to sign reply said it was only to clear himself of the blackmailing scheme of the Davises, think he said this to Mrs. Buffandeau when she asked if she might show the letter to her husband before signing; (to question objected to but allowed by the court) thought I was signing a paper to clear Mr. Highton; never told you about this letter, never told Humphreys.

A DAY DREAM

Cross-examined by Attorney-General Andrews: Don't understand English very thoroughly; was educated in St. Louis College; understood questions put to me today; didn't understand any part of Highton's letter; was not listening to its reading, was looking out of the window; at Hawaiian Hotel meeting Highton told us we were sole beneficiaries with the church under the trust deed and will of Sumner, think I heard Highton say he would not darken the door of George A. Davis, Humphreys, Thompson & Watson were retained to represent us in the railway suit, they were to receive a fee of \$2,500, which was to be paid by my brother and sister and myself; Highton was to receive \$2,500, which we also undertook to pay, was receiving \$50 a month as salary in the band; had an income of a little over \$1,000 a year from quintette work, band work, etc.

To Humphreys—Also received \$50 a month from the Bishop as trustee for my uncle.

LAWYER BALLOU'S ADVICE.

May C. Ellis, wife of William Sumner Ellis, examined by Humphreys: Had a great many conversations with Sumner about beneficiaries under the trust deed; he told me Ellises were the beneficiaries. Had a conversation about adoption, Sumner thought he was under guardianship but wanted to adopt the three children, he took me to S. M. Ballou's office, and told Ballou about the trust deed, Ballou wanted to see the trust deed and asked me if I could get it for him, went to the Bishop, who said he didn't like to let the deed out of his hands but would entrust it to me. Ballou, on reading it, said the trust deed could not be revoked unless every heir mentioned in it signed consent. This was in April, 1901, before Sumner left for Tahiti, he wanted everything settled before he left, saying he didn't want to have any trouble with Maria Davis during his absence. Had a conversation with Sumner about the time of the guardianship proceedings, he never said anything about you as his attorney.

LOST CHORDS

"Oh, yes he did say something," the witness suddenly recollected. "One day during the guardianship proceedings I went down to see Mrs. John S. Ellis and—"

Was Sumner present?"

"No."

Both sides checked the further narration of the dialogue between the Madames Ellis as incompetent to show the workings of Sumner's mind.

QUITE ENOUGH

Mrs. John S. Ellis was called, when the Attorney-General wanted to know what she was expected to prove. It seemed to him that the evidence was becoming merely cumulative. Humphreys and Thompson agreed to withdraw the witness if the prosecution would admit that she would give evidence corroborative of that of her relatives which was done.

NEW EXHIBIT

George H. Merriam, deputy registrar

of conveyances, was sworn and produced a public record containing a power of attorney from John K. Sumner to Victoria Ellis, wife of Eugene Buffandeau, to act for him during his contemplated absence from the Territory of Hawaii, for the purpose of receiving from the Bishop of Honolulu as his trustee such sums of money as might be payable to him after payment of all taxes and expenses, to pay to his nephews—William Sumner Ellis and John Sumner Ellis—\$25 each a month and otherwise so dispose of the remainder as he should orally direct, and furnish the Bishop such information of her doings as might be proper from time to time. A certificate was appended that the name of John S. Ellis and the word each were erased from the power of attorney before it was executed. The instrument was dated March 13, 1901.

E. M. Watson testified to the transactions of his firm and categorically denied that he had pleaded the baby act in the Attorney General's office. Theophilus Clive Davies gave some routine testimony as did E. C. Winston. George A. Davis testified to his part in the Sumner case and asked leave to make a statement but the court did not care to hear it. Several witnesses testified to Judge Humphreys' reputation for personal honesty, which they thought good. Among these were F. W. Macfarlane, Cecil Brown, R. W. Shingle, E. J. Spalding, J. O. Carter, A. B. Wood, E. D. Tenney, E. Bon and Harry Armitage. In the course of the proceedings Humphreys gave his biography in a carefully expurgated form. He also told his side of the Sumner story but before finishing, the court adjourned until 10 o'clock Monday morning.

MAUI'S NEWS AS TOLD IN WAILUKU

The Ladies Aid Society of Makawao will give an elaborate entertainment at the residence of H. P. Baldwin, Camp 1, Puunene, on next Wednesday evening, July 8. The lady members of this Society are past mistresses in the art of giving delightful entertainments, and the one for next Wednesday promises to be a star number as may be seen by the subjoined program.

1. Piano Solo—Mrs. Dora von Tempsky
2. Stereoscopic Views and Lecture—Rev. Mr. Rice.
3. Duet—Mrs. von Tempsky and Mr. Searby.
4. Selection—"Florodora"
5. Vocal Solo—Miss Coolege.
6. Recitation—Mrs. Lowell.
7. Cantata—"The Grasshopper."

Charley Bellina and Billy Robinson ran a foot race on the track on Wednesday, twenty-five yards and repeat, for a purse of four dollars. Both were distanced in the first heat.

The reason why all the Wailuku merchants did not advertise on the race program is that some of them consider advertising as a disturbing element to the regular volume of their business.

It is hinted that if the races at Kailua prove the success today that they now promise, another string of big purses will be hung up for 12 of August races at the same track. A good idea.

The dengue has abated in Wailuku, there being only a few cases altogether.

It is feared now that the new school house at Wailuku will not be completed in time for the opening of the September term.

Visitors to Wailuku have many nice and flattering things to say about the live appearance of our little town.—Maui News.

Doings of Lahaina.

It is expected that Mr. Raven will soon leave for the Coast.

A social dance is expected at the Club House on Saturday evening.

At the exhibition of the Sacred Heart school, Moses Pili and Mary Kaunane received silver medals. The medals were awarded by Mrs. John Glenn, a former teacher, who arrived from Honolulu just in season to attend the exhibition.

Mrs. Napaepae and her daughter Walida have returned from the other side of the Island.

Mrs. Halvorsen and her children have returned to their home at Nahiku.

The electric engine at Lahaina pumping station broke down, and was sent to Honolulu for repairs. To supply the place of the disabled engine, power was sent from the dynamo at Kaanapali.

The Wireless office was removed to a room in the Pioneer Hotel on Tuesday morning. Operator Kenney did all the work himself in about three hours besides receiving messages, meanwhile the removal was necessary, as all the wharf buildings are undergoing repairs.—Maui News.

DID NOT KNOW OF ALL PLANS

While Hilo and Wailuku are abuzz with patriotic enthusiasm well mixed with horse races, baseball contests, musical and dramatic entertainments and the other glittering pageantry belonging to a well ordered Fourth of July, Honolulu sits serenely by her bay of jade, with nothing to amuse her save the casual arrival of an American cable which spans the world and a legislature which condemns Marston Campbell. Ravished of her band which fed to Hilo and of her best ball team which has sought the hospitable shores of Wailuku the metropolis seeks the quiet of well earned repose. Never mind for maybe next year Hilo and Wailuku will gird their loins and descend bodily on Honolulu, giving her such a shaking up as can only come from rustic but enthusiastic country cousins.—Maui News.

GOVERNOR WILL GO TO LANAI Gay May Not Get the Whole Island.

Gov. Dole and Land Commissioner Boyd with such others as are interested, will make a trip to Lanai about the middle of this month, on the Iroquois, to decide upon what shall be done with the government lands on the little island. Captain Rodman of the Iroquois has very kindly placed that vessel at the disposal of the Governor for the purpose, though the trip will probably not be made until after the arrival of Admiral Terry, the new commandant.

The Governor's visit is to be made for the purpose of considering two applications for Lanai lands. Chas. Gay who now owns two-thirds of the island has made application for the lease of the remainder, which comprises some of the best land on the island. L. E. Pinkham and others have also made application for the land, with the intention of starting a sisal plantation, but it is thought that the two enterprises are in some way connected. Governor Dole is reported as being opposed to the idea of placing an entire island under the control of one man, as is sought by Mr. Gay. There are other hitches in the matter, however, which are likely to interfere with the growing of sisal upon Lanai.

The lease on a considerable portion of the land now under control of Chas. Gay is about to expire. Most of this land was leased for a term of twenty-one years to Hayselden and Gibson as pastoral or grazing land. Gay now wants to renew this lease and, if successful, himself intends to start a sisal plantation on a large scale. He wants the twenty-one year pastoral lease renewed. This is where the difficulty comes in. If granted a lease of Lanai for pastoral purposes, and the land used for something else, the lease will be forfeited to the government.

Gov. Dole and Land Commissioner Boyd have decided that sisal growing is using land for agricultural purposes, and if the sisal plantation should be started, the lease would be forfeited to the government. On the other hand no agricultural land can be leased by the government for a longer term than five years. The man who wants to grow sisal won't take a lease of that kind, however, as it takes four years for the first sisal crop to mature, and consequently just about the time the land begins to bring in a profit, some other man is likely to step in and bid the property away, for the next five years.

Land Commissioner Boyd is now trying to find some way by which the land can be disposed of so as not to discourage sisal growing. Among the plans being considered by him is to offer it for sale in 500 and 1,000 acre lots under special agreement, or to sell it outright in tracts of less than one thousand acres.

The land which the government now has at its disposal is said to be the best on Lanai, being practically the only tract which is supplied with water. The government also has a large tract which is held by Gay under tenancy at will.

It is the intention to invite whoever is interested in the taking of Lanai lands for settlement or for sisal growing, to make the trip to the island. Land Commissioner Boyd said yesterday that the trip would probably be made about the middle of the month. It is doubtful if accommodations will be provided for other than the official party.

WIRELESS MAY REACH KAUAI

Honolulu will be in communication with Kauai by wireless telegraph before the end of the week. Manager Cross of the Inter-Island Telegraph Co. returned from Nawiliwili on the Mikahala yesterday morning, after having satisfactorily installed the pole which will be used for the work. Extreme difficulty was experienced in landing the big pole which weighed about seven tons at Nawiliwili.

The landing could not be made at the wharf and the heavy mast had to be hauled over the rocks to the proposed site. Only a new lower mast was installed the old pole being used as an extension. Now the Nawiliwili pole is 205 feet high or nearly as high as the signal post at Barber's Point which measures 203 feet.

Manager Cross expects to begin his tests between here and Kauai by Tuesday noon. At the end of the week the line will probably be regularly working.

The company is now erecting a land telegraph line from Honolulu to Barber's Point and it has already reached Pearl City. A land line will also be built later from Mahukona to Hilo.

Captain Pond, Midshipman Arwine and Ensign Silt who made the trip to Midway Island on the Iroquois, expect to leave for the mainland in the Alameda.

KAUAI WINS OVER KAUAI

Close Polo Game on Garden Isle.

Oahu won from Kauai on Saturday at Kapaa, the closest and fastest polo game ever seen on the islands, by the score of 6 to 2.

It was worth going miles to see, as it was anybody's game almost up to the finish.

The Oahu team with its followers arrived at Nawiliwili Friday, about 4 o'clock in the morning, Charles and Arthur Rice being at the landing to greet them, and take part of the party to their homes, while the balance went to Lihue Hotel. At 8 a. m. a four-horse bus gathered up the players and the Rice boys took their guests to the field at Kapaa, seven miles from Lihue, the Oahu ponies already having been at the stables there for three days. The Oahu men mounted and tried a few strokes up and down the field. The ground, while covered with grass, was found to be sandy and the ball would fall to travel after hitting the ground. This peculiarity with the length of the field, 900 feet, Kapiolani Park field being only about 600 feet, caused a little difficulty. The Spalding boys drove over from Kealia to join the party and after a short trying out, all drove back to Lihue to W. H. Rice's, where a bountiful poi luncheon was served.

After an afternoon of resting the party gathered at Chas. Rice's home, "Kalapaki," to enjoy a delightful stag polo dinner. Toasts to the two teams were drunk and to the hospitality of the Rices, the best of feeling over the game being dominant.

The Fourth of July dawned clear and warm and as quiet as a May morning, no fire crackers or bombs disturbing the early hours in Lihue. Shortly after eight the players were again gathered in by the Rices' four-horse bus and started for Kapaa over the dusty red roads.

All Kauai seemed going to the game, and it was a procession. Every available rig was pressed into service. Even from Makaweli people came, a thirty-one mile drive.

Arriving at the field it was found to be already filling up, and as the big plantations were closed down for the day, large crowds of Japanese and Portuguese were in evidence, they being more interested in following the races which came after the game. A gentle breeze was blowing, and the sun was partially under a cloud which made the weather conditions ideal. The polo field is just inside the mile track, and the carriages were all placed along the mauka side extending the length of the field. Scarcely there were hundreds on horse-back, principally natives, scattered all along and at one end, while plantation employees of all nationalities were everywhere.

The natives on Kauai have taken a keen interest in polo and their typical yells were loudest when Kauai hit the ball, and especially when Melina made a drive.

CROWDS CHEER PLAYERS.

The game was called promptly at 10:30 o'clock by the referee, John P. Norton, of the Riverside Polo team. The Oahu team, with blue and white shirts, and the Kauai four with red and white colors came on amid lusty cheers.

After a bit of preliminary warming up, the whistle blew and they "were off." Oahu tried at once to force the play, and Dillingham worked the ball toward Kauai's goal. Charles Rice secured the ball and ran it back to the center of the field. Melina picked it up and drove it down into Oahu district where a warm scrimmage took place in front of the goal until Melina dropped the ball between the posts, scoring the first goal for Kauai in about two minutes. The crowd, being 99 out of 100 for Kauai, naturally went wild with joy.

Soon the ball was in play again, and Chas. Rice got it at the start and ran it right toward the goal with a clear field, but missed and Dillingham coming on behind, back handed it toward the side to Dole who got it to the center, where it was taken down the field and a scrimmage ensued before the posts, Dillingham finally driving a goal, tying the score.

The Rices and Melina got the jump on Oahu at the throw in of the ball and with Jim Spalding fighting off Dole, they raced it along so quickly that Melina got the second goal for Kauai in forty-one seconds, being a beautiful long shot from the side. Not an Oahu mallet touched the ball from the throw in to the goal.

As soon as the ball started again Oahu was thoroughly aroused and never let up hammering until Damon made a goal, again tying the score. Dillingham and Dole aided in this by passing the ball along to Damon who made a quick and true drive. That ended the scoring for the first period.

KAUAI GOES AHEAD.

Every one to be anxious for the second period to begin. Soon the teams appeared on fresh mounts and began again in earnest. Arthur Rice broke his mallet and had to hustle to the side line for a new one, but it was just right for as he returned Dillingham was rushing the ball along and Rice headed off his apparently clear run for goal. C. Rice returned toward the blue goal and it soon went back of the line. Dole hit out, Damon and Dillingham carrying it or to the center. But Melina stopped it and Kauai worked it back again so Chas. Rice made Kauai's third goal. Time 2 min 11 sec.

Again Kauai got the ball first from the referee and ran it along down, but Dillingham overtook it and tried to run it around the field, but he could not

make the long consecutive drives he does at the park and Kauai recovered the ball and Melina almost made another goal the ball hitting the goal post. The ball worked down the field and was dangerously near to Kauai's goal when Melina made a safety. It cost Kauai one-fourth of a goal, but doubtless kept Oahu from scoring.

After this the ball traveled all over the field, out of bounds twice on mauka side, back of the center, and up and down without further scoring. Kauaians were now jubilant, as the score, with the game half over, was in Kauai's favor, 2 1/2 to 2, Oahu having failed to increase their two made in the first period.

OAHU TAKES LEAD.

The third period started in the mauka corner where the second ended. The ball was the center of a hard fight that waged up and down the field and finally by excellent riding off by Kauai, the ball was in front of Oahu's goal, but C. Rice did not connect with it and Oahu soon had it out of danger. But not for long as back it came. Dole caught it with one of his powerful back-hand drives. Jim Spalding was ready and rapped it back again, by one of the best drives of the day. C. Rice almost got to it for goal, but Dillingham cut under him and with a cross cut put the ball out of a most dangerous spot. Oahu had made a fine defense against powerful offense that threatened their goal again and again.

Now it was Kauai's turn to defend, as the ball was menacing their goal. Oahu hit for goal, but failed to make it, so A. Rice hit out, but did not hit again in following up. Kauai was defending as strongly here as did Oahu and the visitors could not get a goal.

Melina hit to center, but here Damon and Angus stopped it and made the ball travel again into Kauai's territory. Dillingham got the ball on a throw in and with a clear field made a pretty goal at an angle, thus changing the lead to Oahu by one-fourth of a goal. This was the longest period on account of so much time being taken out, but it was full of fast and brilliant polo, on both sides.

WINS BY HARD WORK.

For the last period Oahu went in with a rush and soon made good, for in two minutes of play Damon had scored a goal at the mauka end, being the only one made at that goal as it happened. This made the score 4 to 2 1/2, and still a chance for Kauai. Oahu however began to show signs to superior team-work, that had not been so evident before, and soon had the ball at Kauai's goal again only to miss the try for the posts.

Dole, Angus and Damon all had a rap at the ball after a throw in at the center and had it down well towards Kauai's goal when it was passed to Dillingham, who made the goal clearly. This made it 5 to 2 1/2 for Oahu and virtually settled the result of the game.

With Spalding doing some wonderful riding off, the Rices and Melina were able to advance the ball towards Oahu's goal. Dole and Damon tried to check them, but their back-hand strokes lacked force. Out of the scrimmage that followed Arthur Rice made Kauai's fourth and last goal, bringing the score up to 5 to 2 1/2.

With only a few minutes to play, both sides made a hard finish, but the Oahu ponies being the stronger enabled them to put up the hotter fight. The ball came from the center, every Oahu man driving it in Kauai's direction when Melina's pony refused to work and Damon had an easy chance. He made a good hundred foot drive and scored Oahu's sixth and last goal. Kauai tried valiantly to score again and had the ball right down in front of the goal but the big bell in the judge's stand ended the closest and best game of polo ever seen here.

Luncheon was served for the polo players and party by the Spaldings, at which there was lots of cheering, toasts and the best of good fellowship.

The lunch being over the party returned to the track where the races were about to begin. The Japs and Portuguese were already warming up their horses and the backers were making their wagers in their own peculiar fashion. R. P. Spalding was starter, Col. Z. S. Spalding and W. H. Rice, Jr. were judges.

As the races were mostly for "blood" they were close and interesting. There were polo pony events as well, Angus winning with Lightfoot in a quarter and being beaten by Coronation in the mile. Good Luck bested Gardenia at a mile as well.

After the races the Oahu men were driven back to Lihue to Chas. Rice's, where a fine swim was indulged in and an appetizing supper awaited them before taking the steamer Makahala at 7 p. m. for Honolulu.

The Oahu men and the party which accompanied them are loud in their appreciation for Arthur and Charles Rice and the Spaldings for the unequalled success of the whole trip.

The teams were:

Oahu—Geo. Angus, No. 1, S. E. Damon, No. 2, W. P. Dillingham, No. 3, Chas. S. Dole, back.

Kauai—James Spalding, No. 1; John Melina, No. 2, Chas. A. Rice, No. 3, Arthur H. Rice, back.

Score 6 to 2 1/2 goals.

By Dillingham, 3, by Damon, 3, total 6.

By Melina, 2, by C. Rice, 1, by A. Rice, 1, total 4. Less 1/2 of goal for safety made by Melina.

Referee—J. P. Norton.

Timekeeper—R. P. Spalding.

Judges of Goals—Geo. P. Dennison, Oahu P. C., Philip Rice, Kauai P. C.

NEW OFFICERS FOR NATIONAL GUARD

An election of officers for the National Guard will be held at headquarters tonight. The election will be for a term of four years under the provisions of the new militia law passed by the present legislature.

There is no opposition to the re-election of the present officers, who are as follows:

Colonel—J. W. Jones.

Lieutenant Colonel—C. W. Ziegler.

Major—W. R. Riley.

Major—Thos. E. Wall.

MAUI HAS FINE RACES

Great Crowd to See Sport at Kahului.

[Special by Wireless Telegraph.]

WAILUKU, July 5.—Maui had a race day which was of the highest quality of recent years, yesterday, and the sports carnival was closed today with a great ball game between a team from the Maui Athletic Association and the Kamehamehas, of Honolulu.

Both events drew crowds which filled the enclosure. Spreckels Park at Kahului was the scene of the racing, and better going has seldom been witnessed. The day was perfection and the track was fast. The people began to gather early and when the special train with race goers brought the last of the Wailuku folk, they found a stand full of those who were ready to be delighted by the sport. The results of the racing were as follows:

First race—Free for all, harness event. Billy Lemp won. Time, 2:34.

Second race—Maui horses, harness. McKinley won. Time, 2:32 1/2.

Third race—Hawaiian bred, running race, half mile. Benney won. Time, .55.

Fourth race—Japanese horses, one-half mile dash. Socoyo won.

Fifth race—Harness, 2:30 class. Billy Lemp won. Time, 2:33.

Sixth race—Mile and a half dash, relay race. Thompson won. Time, 4:45.

Seventh race—Pony race, half mile dash. Socoyo won.

Eighth race—Special harness. McKinley won. Time, 2:33.

Ninth race—Japanese, one mile dash. Yokohama won. Time, 1:56.

Tenth race—Three-quarters mile dash. Benney won. Time, 1:25.

The baseball game this afternoon was one of the best played here recently. The Kamehamehas were in fine form and outplayed the Maui picked team at every point. Wells Park was filled with spectators who were filled with enthusiasm over the exhibition. The result was the victory of the visitors by four to three. The Kamehamehas were given a great reception and their winning was the signal for a round of cheers.

SALARIES ARE PASSED ON SECOND READING

(From Saturday's Daily)

THE HOUSE.

House bill No. 7 appropriating \$1,000 for E. P. Dole passed third reading unanimously.

House Bill No. 8 providing for the expenses of the band also passed third reading, Greenwell being the only member to vote against it.

Lewis reported at length upon House Resolution No. 20 relating to 2,000 barrels of cement said to have disappeared from the Richards and Punchbowl street warehouses of the government.

EIGHTEEN MONTHS' SALARIES.

The item of \$450 for salary ranger of Third District passed as in the bill though Greenwell and Wright wanted to separate the amount into salaries for rangers in Kau and the two Kona districts.

Greenwell moved to reduce the salary of Chief Health Officer from \$4500 to \$3,000 carrying the amendment over the objection of Chillingworth.

Kaniho's motion to cut the Secretary of the Board of Health from \$3,000 to \$2,500 was lost.

Fernandez' motion to strike out the meat and poi inspector for Honolulu was lost. New items were inserted for fish and food inspectors with assistants at Lahaina and Wailuku at \$900 each.

There was some objection from Pali over the \$4,500 for pay of enlisted men of National guard during camp but Aylett explained and the item passed. The bill then passed second reading without objection.

Aylett introduced a bill providing for the purchase for \$12,000 of the right of way of the Coney Estate on Tantalus Ridge. It passed first reading.

Adjournment was then taken until ten o'clock Monday morning.

IN THE SENATE.

Governor Dole sent in the expected list of his nominations to various offices. There was an approving exclamation at the name of Philip L. Weaver as land registration judge.

Senator Achi moved that all of the nominations be confirmed in a block. This being seconded was carried unanimously on show of hands. Following are the appointments:

BOARD OF PHARMACY

In place of W. E. Taylor, M. D., who declined appointment, William L. Moore, M. D.

COMMISSION OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

Mrs. Alice Clark Jordan, Mr. Heinrich Martens von Holt.

BOARD OF REGISTRATION

Second Representative District, Mr. J. K. Kakaia. Sixth Representative District, Mr. William O. Sheldon.

COURT OF LAND REGISTRATION

Mr. Philip L. Weaver, Judge.

TAX APPEAL COURTS

First Circuit, Mr. J. F. Brown, S. K. Kane.

Second Circuit, Islands of Maui, Molokai, Lanai and Kahoolawe, George Weight, president, Chas. Copp, W. L. Decoto.

HILO HAS BIG TIME

For Three Days Celebration Rules.

For three days Hilo celebrated the Fourth of July, commencing on Thursday and the week closed with some features still continuing. It was a great time for Hilo, and seldom has there been so many people in the city. The good time began on Thursday evening, when the Kamehameha glee club, the Territorial band and local talent gave a concert, which was much appreciated, in Hall church.

Friday was given over to the Cowboy Congress. There were twelve entries and the contest was a pretty one. Henry Beckley was the quickest to throw his bullock, but his horse became reactive upon the applause, and ran off, but the young man was equal to the occasion, and tearing off his neckerchief he tied the bullock securely. The contest was won by Mani, of Maui, who turned the trick without trouble in 49 1/2 seconds. Levi Kalako won the broncho riding contest.

The luau at the parsonage of the native church was such a success that \$500 was taken in. Her Majesty Liliuokalani, Delegate Kalaniana'ole, Senator Woods, Admiral Beckley and many others of the distinguished visitors gathered to enjoy the feast. Capt. Berger's band rendered several selections. The Elks Minstrels played a packed house.

The Fourth was ushered in by a salute of 21 guns, and at 9 o'clock a parade of the military with both the Territorial and the Hilo bands took place. The literary exercises were held at the Fishmarket square. After prayer by the Rev. F. L. Nash and songs, Mrs. A. G. Curtis read the Declaration of Independence and Charles M. Le Blond delivered the oration.

The breaking of ground for the Kohala-Hilo railroad, with an address by Philip Peck, took place at 10:30 o'clock. The ceremonies were impressive and Mr. Peck told of the work done to insure the co's junction of the line.

The sports of the day took place at Hoolulu park in the afternoon. During the progress of the races there was a baseball game between the Ka-

meheha school nine and the Hilo club, resulting in the victory of the home team by 12 to 11. When the races were almost over Chairman Holmes of the arrangements committee, from the Judge's stand called attention to the fact that the presence of the Territorial band was due principally to the exertions of Admiral Beckley, and publicly thanked him, while the 3000 people cheered and the band played.

The evening was given over to fireworks and another performance by the Elks minstrels. The performance was excellent. The steamship people handled the crowds well, the steamer Helene making a special trip from Hamakua points to bring the people from along the coast. The results of the races follow:

Half mile dash, free for all. Rejected won, Defender second. Frank S. and Mollie Connors also ran. Time, 50 1/2. Mollie Connors cast a shoe before leaving the stretch and cut her ankle badly.

Half mile dash, Hawaiian bred. Amarino won, Barner second, Puoco third. Was a walkover for Amarino in 56 1/2.

Half mile dash, named horses. Rejected won, Defender second. Rejected won the half mile named race in 50 1/2 after running a dead heat with 50% fender in 50 1/2. The other entries were Philip and Frank S.

One mile trot and pace. Abidine won, Fero Bank second, Hardly Able third. Time, 2:32 1/2, 2:36. The race was uninteresting.

Five-eighths mile, free for all. Rejected won, Amarino second, Mollie Connors third. Time, 1:03 1/2.

One mile dash, free for all. Brunner won, Dixie Land second, Philip third. Time, 1:46. This was a cup race and gives Ballyentyne another leg on it.

The mile dash, free for all, was between Dixie Land, Carter Harrison and Racine Murphy. Harrison was not in condition. Murphy won in 1:47 1/2.

Three-quarters mile dash, Hawaiian bred. Amarino won. Time, 57.

Three-quarters mile dash, free for all. Racine Murphy won, Carter Harrison second, Mollie Connors third. Time, 1:18 1/2.

THE WEEK ON ISLE OF MAUI

MAUI, July 3.—On Hana plantation the drought is so bad that drinking water has to be "fumed" down from the mountain lands.

The new government school house at Pauwela, Haiku, a modern structure of two rooms, is well-nigh completed.

Every other man you meet in Hana has just had or is now having dengue, though the term is used for a multitude of ills not strictly breakbone fever.

July 1st, the First National Bank of Wailuku declared and paid a dividend of three per cent.

Thursday afternoon, the 2nd, an interesting event took place at Puuomalei, Makawao, the occasion being the christening of a two-and-one-half months old baby girl, Martha Osburn Aiken, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Worth Osburn Aiken. The ceremony, which was performed by Rev. Dr. E. G. Beckwith of Pala Foreign church, took place on the lanai which was profusely adorned with ferns and mallet. Among the twenty or thirty relatives and friends present was Mrs. Chamberlain of San Jose, the mother of Mrs. W. O. Aiken.

The appropriation of forty or fifty thousand dollars for the completion of a road through Koolau, Hana, has caused considerable discussion among the residents of Keanae, Nahluku, and Hana. Some of them maintain that a twelve-foot carriage road is desirable while their opponents declare that the construction of such a road would exhaust the appropriation by the time the thoroughfare was completed to Keanae, hence only the building of a six-foot horse path to Kailua would be feasible. In case of future appropriations, the horse road could be gradually widened into a carriage road. The old adage of a half a loaf being better than no bread is applicable, a twelve-foot carriage road reaching only to Keanae being equivalent to "no bread."

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Thurston and children are occupying a cottage at Haleakala Ranch for a month or more.

Rev. Wm. Ault of Wailuku is sick with dengue.

Miss Lawrence of the Honolulu kindergarten has the Copeland cottage at Kealahou, Kula, for the summer.

Miss Genevieve Dowsett of Honolulu is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. H. Raymond of Ulupalakua.

Geo. Paris has been repairing a pump on the seashore of Kahikini Ranch. Misses M. J. Adams and J. M. Soper of Honolulu have been at Erewhon Cattle Station, Kula.

Manager D. C. Lindsey of Pala is suffering from a broken wrist bone. The fracture was caused by a collision on the Sunnyside polo grounds, Saturday afternoon, June 27th.

Miss Simonds has resigned her position as teacher in the Kula school and returned to her home in San Jose.

Inspector of Schools C. W. Baldwin is at Haiku for a short time. Inspector F. King is making a trip to Hana. Miss Cross of Honolulu is visiting Miss Lawrence in Kula.

The principalship of Lahainalua Seminary is a position hard to fill satisfactorily. Two Maui teachers well known for their ability in industrial training have recently refused the place.

Thomas June 23d a little son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mann of Makawao formerly of Pahala, Hawaii. Weather very warm and dry.

Senator Dickey moved that the President appoint a conference committee of one member, but accepted Senator Isenberg's suggestion to defer the matter till Monday. The reason was that some members were absent who had not been receiving their share of committee work. Besides it was remembered that today would be a holiday.

At 10:50 the Senate adjourned till Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

CABLE IS WORKING THROUGH

Will Not Be in Condition for Fortnight.

The San Francisco-Manila cable line is ready and in good working order but it will not be opened to the public for about two weeks, or until after the middle of the month. The Manila cable was in use all night Saturday and until three o'clock Sunday morning, and yesterday messages were still going through.

The cable will not be finally opened for commercial use until after everything is in perfect readiness. The trench cable at both Guam and Manila is not ready for use, there having been some delay in putting down the cable to connect the offices with the shore hut. The delay is accounted for at Guam by illness among the men sent to do the work. It is possible, however, to send messages over the line but it would be rather inconvenient for general use, until the work at Guam and Manila has been fully completed. The work of transferring the remaining cable from the Anglia to the tanks will be commenced today.

The cable staff will be broken up here, as was the case when the Silver-town had laid the first cable. The inspection staff will leave the ship. Capt. Pattison has been recalled to London and will make the trip quickly as possible. With his assistants he will leave in the Alameda on the 15th.

The Anglia will remain in the harbor until about the same day and will then take her way back across the Pacific, calling on the way home at Midway, where a number of instruments will be left. Mrs. Colley, wife of the superintendent there, will make the journey in the ship, to join her husband. While in port the Anglia will fill her tanks with coal.

Mr. Todhunter, one of the electrical staff, will stay here during the thirty days of testing, to take the record of the cable.

TO RECLAIM HOME SITES

A private scheme to reclaim building sites from Pearl harbor upon the Peninsula has come before the Government in the form of a petition for leave to perform the work of filling in submerged lands. The idea is to construct retaining walls some distance out from the shore and build up the areas thus enclosed with soil-making material. Superintendent Cooper, at yesterday's meeting of the Executive Council, expressed the opinion that it was necessary to acquire title from the Territory for the submerged areas thus proposed to be treated. The matter was referred to the Superintendent of Public Works to have surveys made.

Commissioner Boyd submitted the application of W. P. Halo for a small fish pond near the landing at Hana, Maui, which was approved. The transaction is a lease for twenty-one years at the upset rental of \$10 a year. There is no ingress to the pond from the sea, hence it has to be replenished by carrying young fish to it. They thrive well after being deposited in the pond.

The application of George J. Campbell for 220 acres of land at Puueo, District of Kau, at the upset price of \$350 an acre was approved.

A transfer of the Weloka fish pond in Ewa to the Superintendent of Public Works, for exchange with land for public purposes, was authorized.

Japanese Coffee Growers.

KAILUA, Hawaii, July 2.—The fifth annual meeting of the Kona Japanese Coffee Planters' Association was held at their office in Kailua, Hawaii on the 30th of June. In one of the reports it says that their mill cleaned 246,125 1/2 pounds of coffee last year of which little more than one half belongs to other nationalities than Japanese. The following directors were elected for the ensuing year: S. Takata, manager; K. Tomita, assistant manager; Dr. H. S. Hayashi, auditor; A. Fukuzaki, auditor.

A SCALD from a burn or scald is often described as more than the pain that is induced by a chamberlain's Pain Balm. The heat of the burn or scald is less than any other treatment and unless the injury is a severe one, no scar will be left. One application gives relief. Try it. All Dealers and Druggists sell it. Benson Smith & Co. Ltd. Agents for Hawaii.

25c
per
month.
Sunday Advertiser

Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., AGTS.

German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co. OF BERLIN.**Fortuna General Insurance Co. OF BERLIN.**

The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most favorable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,
General Agents.

General Insurance Co. for Sea River and Land Transport of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned general agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most favorable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,
Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

COOPER WANTS TO DO LOAN ACT WORK

Supt. Cooper may spend all the money under the Loan Act according to the latest interpretation of the County Act. The matter was discussed yesterday noon by members of the Executive Council at a meeting held with Senators in the Governor's office. Supt. Cooper takes the view that when he begins the work of constructing any of the improvements contemplated in the Loan bill he is required to continue the work to the end whether the counties are organized or not. Under this view, which it is said, is shared by the Governor, all county buildings, roads, bridges, etc., provided in the Loan bill will be under the supervision of the Superintendent of Public Works, who contends that the act is a Territorial one and everything done under it must be by Territorial officials. This virtually leaves nothing in the way of public works for the county officers to do and there will probably be a contest in the courts over the question.

The Senators who were present at the meeting, and Supt. Atkinson and Mr. Andrews took the opposite view, maintaining that the intent of the legislature was to have the work taken over by the counties at the end of six months. Treasurer Kepolai and Commissioner Boyd did not express their views upon the subject.

A Fire Claims Case

District Attorney R. W. Breckons has brought suit in the Federal Court in the name of W. F. MacLennan, agent of the U. S. Treasury, against the four partners of Yee Wo Chan Co., the Transatlantic and the Hamburg-Bremen fire insurance companies to determine to whom certain fire claims money is to be paid.

HEALTH NEEDFUL

to happiness. Well might the greatest and wisest Man that ever lived teach us to pray, "Give us this day our daily bread." The hands, with which we do so many cunning and skillful things, the eyes that reveal to us all the sun shines on, the hearts which beat within our breasts, were once merely the yet uneaten food upon our plates. What a strange, what a wonderful transformation! The body builds itself! No other machine can do so. Yet when the wear and tear becomes greater than the process of repair we grow weak and waste away. If we could keep the loss and the gain balanced, or nearly so, we should live long and be able to work and enjoy ourselves all the time. The opposite condition we call sickness or disease. To keep the wheel turning, to prevent permanent loss of flesh and power, is the aim of that ever-successful remedy known as **WAMPOLE'S PREPARATION**.

It quickly and quietly removes the waste matters from the system, promotes the marvelous change called digestion, expels the impurities and disease germs from the blood and furnishes what the body needs to make it strong and healthy. Being palatable as honey or sugar the most sensitive palates accept it freely—even those of delicate women and young children. It contains the nutritive and curative properties of Pure Cod Liver Oil, extracted by us from fresh cod livers, combined with the Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites and the Extracts of Malt and Wild Cherry. It is a specific in Lung Troubles, Influenza, La Grippe, Anemia, Scrofula and all affections caused by impure blood. No failure. Effective from the first dose. "You cannot be disappointed in it." Sold by all chemists here and throughout the world.

WHAT SHE ESCAPED

Delay Would Probably Have Been Fatal in Miss Goodwin's Case.

"My mother died of consumption five years ago," said Miss Johannah Goodwin, of Northbridge, Mass., "and I thought I was going into the same disease. I believe I would have done so but for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People."

"My complexion had turned pale and yellow and I was ghastly looking. I was so weak I could not dress myself without sitting down to rest a few times and often when I walked a short distance, or even stooped over, pains shot through my back. I was short of breath and often dizzy, my food did not digest properly and my heart was very irregular. There was a noise in my head that nearly drove me crazy. I would hold my hands tight over my ears but still it would not stop, and sometimes I could hardly see. I grew thinner and weaker and was afraid and nearly certain I was going to die."

"One day a friend advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I did so. They helped me before one box was used up and in less than two months I was well and strong again, entirely cured."

The disease from which Miss Goodwin suffered was anemia or "blood-lessness" and is caused by an actual deficiency of the blood and a watery and depraved state of that fluid. It is characterized by a pallid complexion, pale lips, dull eyes, tongue and gums bloodless, shortness of breath on slight exertion—especially upon going upstairs, palpitation of the heart, feeling of impending death; weakness, loss of appetite and ambition. If left to itself it is apt to result in decline and death.

The one remedy that has proved itself a specific for anemia is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. These pills have a double action, on the blood and on the nerves. This is the secret of Dr. Williams' discovery and is the cause of the wonderful cures effected by them in stubborn cases of locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, after-effects of the grip, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions and all forms of weakness either in male or female. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold at all druggists, or will be sent direct from Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., postpaid, on receipt of price, fifty cents per box; six boxes for two dollars and a half.

HEAD TAX ON ALIEN SEAMEN

The following of the Treasury Department recently received by Collector Stackable is of importance to the shipping interests of this port:

Treasury Department, Bureau of Navigation,

Washington, D. C., June 15, 1903.
Sir: This office is in receipt of your letter dated the 8th instant, stating that the act of March 3, 1903, levies a head tax of \$2 upon each alien seaman landed in the United States, and inquiring whether the tax should be charged against the seaman or the vessel.

You are informed that the provision of the act imposing head tax levies it upon "passengers," etc., under certain circumstances, but does not specify seamen. So far as concerns the point in question, the provision is a reproduction of a similar provision in the act of August 3, 1882, and of August 18, 1894. The Attorney-General rendered an opinion September 10, 1901, that head tax does not apply to alien seamen discharged or deserting from vessels. He stated that if they shipped with the intention in good faith of continuing their occupation as seamen, and with no intention to make entry into this country, they are not passengers and are exempt from the tax. The opinion was adopted by the Department for the guidance of all officers and other persons concerned. (T. D. 23296.) Section 1 of the act of March 3, 1903, above cited declares expressly that head tax "shall be a debt in favor of the United States against the owner or owners of vessels."

You should be governed accordingly. Respectfully,

E. T. CHAMBERLAIN,
Commissioner
United States Shipping Commissioner,
San Francisco, Cal.

Ellis Lando successfully passed the physical examination for admittance to Annapolis academy. He will not know the result of the mental examination until after the papers have been passed upon by the Annapolis board.

YOUR SUGAR CROP

Depends on the right quantity and quality of Ammoniates it has to feed upon. Nitrogen (Ammonia) being the principal material removed from the soil by sugar cane.

A few dollars' worth of

NITRATE OF SODA

(The Standard Ammoniate)

fed to each acre of growing cane will give surprising results.

Planters should read our Bulletin giving results of Agricultural Experiment Station trials. They are sent free. Send name on Post Card.

WILLIAM S. MYERS, Director,
12-16 John St., New York,
U. S. A.

COMMERCIAL NEWS

EDWARD M. BOYD.

Dividend Day was the feature of the past week, and it is a commentary upon the city, that there must be a coterie of those who talk of hard times when the better part of \$400,000 was distributed among the local holders of prominent shares. There was not all of this in cash of course for the Hawaiian Agricultural company stock dividend meant the distribution of that stock which is listed at \$250 on the market. In addition there were bond redemptions and interest payments of a quarter million.

There is no apparent activity in any of the shares, as there is no buying going on. The stocks are not maintained, they simply are not beaten down, and the brokers are taking, involuntarily, their dog days' vacation. This is not the worst thing that could happen, for the summer is usually the closed season for commercial activity. There is developing better trading in ordinary lines, and the volume of business will continue to grow as there will be dividends from this time to the end of the year, at least.

The market trading for the week past has been confined to the sales of Rapid Transit, 20¢ of preferred selling at par and 125 of common at \$80. There is still a demand for this stock and as the evidence of the popularity of the line is constant, there seems no chance that it will be other than better.

Very soon Hilo Railroad stock will be listed here. There has been some inquiry for this security since it began to pay dividends, though these as yet are small. The second quarterly one per cent. will be due soon. The railroad company probably will get to a six per cent. basis within the year. The dividends paid on the first of the month were: C. Brewer & Co., 1 per cent.; Ewa Plantation, ½ per cent.; Honouliuli, 1 per cent.; Onomea (S. F., July 5), 1 per cent.; Waimanalo, 1 per cent.; Inter-Island S. N. Co., 1 per cent.; Hawaiian Electric Co., ½ per cent.; Hawaiian Agricultural, 9.09 per cent.; Kahuku (quarterly), 2 per cent.; Pacific Sugar Mill, 5 per cent.; Pioneer, ½ per cent.; Wilder S. S. Co., (quarterly), 2 per cent.

The sales of stocks for the month of June were: Four hundred and thirty-one Ewa, \$21 to \$21.50; 50 Hawaiian Agricultural Co., \$245; 30 Kihiki, \$7; 25 McBryde, \$4; 30 Oahu, \$102 to \$102.50; 320 Onomea, \$23.50 to \$24; 100 Olua, \$7.50; 51 Waialua, \$47.50; 27 Inter-Island, \$112.50; 15 Hawaiian Electric, \$100; 200 H. R. T. & L. Co., Pfd., \$100 to \$180; 28 do. common, \$77.50 to \$85; \$10,200 O. R. & L. Co. 6 per cent bonds, \$103.50; \$2000 Pioneer Mill Co. 6 per cent. bonds, \$100.

REAL ESTATE AND BUILDING.

While the papers have not been signed, there has been closed a deal involving a piece of beach property which indicates that the prices in that portion of the city have not declined. The demand for good sites for small cottages in that section is good, and some brokers are seeking lots.

It is rumored that McCandless Brothers will soon build on their corner at Bethel and King. Stores and offices, with a possibility of a lodge room, are contemplated.

The sale of the Allan Herbert Kalihi place has been announced privately. The Young Hotel takes over the place and will raise poultry and keep a dairy farm there. This will make it a valuable adjunct to the hotel and will insure the best of supplies. The price is private, but is placed by some persons conversant with conditions, at \$15,000.

The Brown restaurant building at Richards and Merchant is going up quickly.

Building on Tantalus continues and there will be several bungalows added to the colony within the coming two months.

PACIFIC CABLE COMPLETED TO THE FAR EAST

(Continued from Page 1.)

chants' Association were to President Roosevelt, Gov. Taft, Clarence H. Mackay, Gov. Pardee of California, Captain Sebree of Guam, Chamber of Commerce and Merchants' Association of San Francisco. These were as follows:

Honolulu, July 4, 1903.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT, Executive Mansion, Washington, D. C.
Sir: The Chamber of Commerce and the Merchants' Association of Honolulu, unite in sending to you this first message of congratulations over the completed line of the Commercial Pacific Cable Company's Cable connecting the Islands of the Philippines and the Intermediate Islands in the Pacific Ocean with the United States, the last link of which has this day been laid. As on this day our hearts are united in patriotic love and devotion of country, so may all portions of our country now for the first time connected by telegraphic communication be more closely united for future progress and development.

THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OF HONOLULU,
By its Vice President C. M. COOKE.
THE MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION OF HONOLULU,
By its Vice President GEO. W. SMITH.

Honolulu July 4, 1903.

HON. WILLIAM H. TAFT, Governor,
Manila, Philippine Is.
Sir: The Chamber of Commerce and the Merchants' Association of Honolulu unite in congratulations to you and the people of the Philippine Islands on the completion of the Commercial Pacific Cable Co.'s cable, the last remaining of which has this day been laid. May it prove a bond uniting all our people in patriotic devotion and love of country, also establishing more intimate commercial relations between your island and ours.

THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OF HONOLULU,
By its Vice President C. M. COOKE.
THE MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION OF HONOLULU,
By its Vice President GEO. W. SMITH.

Honolulu July 4, 1903.

CLARENCE H. MACKAY,
President Commercial Pacific Cable Co., New York.
Sir: The Chamber of Commerce and the Merchants' Association of Honolulu send congratulations to you and your company upon the completion of the Commercial Pacific Cable Company's cable, now connecting the Islands of the Philippines, Midway, Guam and Hawaii with the United States, the last link of which has this day been laid. The consummation of a work of such magnitude and importance brings great credit upon those who inaugurated and completed so great an undertaking.

THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OF HONOLULU,
By its Vice President C. M. COOKE.
THE MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION OF HONOLULU,
By its Vice President GEO. W. SMITH.

Honolulu July 4, 1903.

HON. GEORGE PARDEE, Governor,
California.
Sir: Accept the felicitations of the Chamber of Commerce and the Merchants' Association of Honolulu upon the completion of this day of the last link of the American Cable, connecting the mainland of our country with the Pacific Islands. It is fitting that this day, which we all celebrate, should witness the completion of this great enterprise.

THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OF HONOLULU,
By its Vice President C. M. COOKE.
THE MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION OF HONOLULU,
By its Vice President GEO. W. SMITH.

Honolulu July 4, 1903.

THE MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION,
San Francisco.
Sir: The Chamber of Commerce and the Merchants' Association of Honolulu extend greetings to The Merchants' Association of San Francisco upon this auspicious occasion of the laying of the last link of the Commercial Pacific

CUTICURA
REMEDIES
THE SET

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin, CUTICURA Ointment, to heal the skin, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool the blood, is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring skin, scalp, and blood humours, rashes, itchings, and irritations, with loss of hair, when the best physicians, and all other remedies fail.

Millions of Women Use Cuticura Soap

Exclusively for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammation, and chafings, or too true or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sensitive and delicate purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the best skin and complexion soap, the best toilet and best baby soap in the world. Sold throughout the world. "All about the Skin," post free of Aust. Depot. R. Towns & Co., Sydney, N. S. W. So. African Depot: LEMMON LTD., Cape Town. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CO., Sole Props., Boston U. S. A.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE

IS THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

Coughs, Colds, Asthma and Bronchitis.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE—Vice Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORODYNE; that the whole story of the defendant, Freeman, was deliberately untrue, and re-regretted to say it had been sworn to. See the Times, July 12, 1884.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN of EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEADACHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR CHOLERA, DYSENTERY and DIARRHOEA.

The General Board of Health, London, reports that it ACTS as a CHARM; one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibbon, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is the true palliative in NEURALGIA, GOUT, CANCER, TOOTHACHE, RHEUMATISM.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE rapidly cuts short all attacks of EPILEPSY, SPASMS, COLIC, PALPITATION, HYSTERIA.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The immense sale of this Remedy has given rise to many Unscrupulous Imitations.

N. B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor, DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE. Sold in bottles, 1s 1½d, 2s 9d and 4s 6d, by all chemists.

Sole Manufacturers, J. T. Davenport, 33 Great Russell St., London.

His appetite, by no means light
Finds in his meals a keen delight
The cause is plainly now made clear
When we tell you he drinks Primo beer.

PRIMO LAGER

Has that flavor which delights, that sparkle which invites and that purity which makes physicians recommend it as a great health builder.
All dealers sell it.

Cable Company's cable, which unites the American Islands of the Pacific with the mainland.

THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OF HONOLULU,
By its Vice President, C. M. COOKE,
THE MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION OF HONOLULU,
By its Vice President, GEO. W. SMITH.

Honolulu July 4, 1903.

CAPTAIN SEBREE, Governor,
Island of Guam.

Sir: The Chamber of Commerce and the Merchants' Association of Honolulu send greetings to you and the people of the Island of Guam upon the laying of the last link of the Commercial Pacific Cable Company's Cable, connecting your Islands with ours, on this day, memorable in the history of our country for the freedom and liberty which we now enjoy.

THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OF HONOLULU,
By its Vice President, C. M. COOKE,
THE MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION OF HONOLULU,
By its Vice President, GEO. W. SMITH.

Honolulu July 4, 1903.

THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE,
San Francisco.

Sir: The Chamber of Commerce and the Merchants' Association of Honolulu extend greetings to the Chamber of Commerce of San Francisco upon this auspicious occasion of the laying of the last link of the Commercial Pacific Cable Co.'s cable, which unites the American Islands of the Pacific with the mainland.

THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OF HONOLULU,
By its Vice President, C. M. COOKE,
THE MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION OF HONOLULU,
By its Vice President, GEO. W. SMITH.

OTHER MESSAGES

British Consul Hoare also sent a number of congratulatory messages, among them one to Lord Landsdowne at London and to the British Consul at Manila. There were many other messages sent, and the work of the cable men here was unusually heavy, particularly as all messages from San Francisco and Manila had to go through the Honolulu office.

ANGLIA IS DOCKED

The Anglia returned from her sea trip at 6.30 o'clock last evening and was docked at the Hackfield wharf. The cable ship has about 300 miles of cable aboard which is to be coiled into the tanks on the water front. About 153 miles of this cable was taken from the Colonia. The Anglia will not get away before the middle of this month.

Since July 1st Hawaii has been without a bailiff. On that day the law repealing the Bailiff Act went into effect. The appropriation bill, however, provided for bailiffs to be appointed by the circuit judges, but as the measure has not been signed the courts are without bailiffs according to law, though all the judges still retain those official. The bailiffs under the appropriation act will have no power as sheriffs or to serve papers.

SUMMER COMPLAINT is the children's most dangerous enemy and the mother's most dreaded foe. Immediate and proper treatment is always necessary. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, given according to directions, is the most effective remedy known. Every household should have a bottle at hand. Get it today. It may save a life. All Dealers and Druggists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.



ARRIVED.

Friday, July 3.

Stmr. Claudine, Parker, from Maui ports, at 4:45 a. m., with 47 packages sundries, 118 sacks potatoes, 35 hogs. Stmr. Noeau, Pedersen, from Kukulhaele and Honolulu, at 8:55 a. m., with 259 bags sugar, 19 packages sundries. S. S. Gaelic, Finch, from San Francisco, at 7 p. m.

Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Tullett, from Anahola and Kauai ports, at 2:10 a. m., with 3,300 bags sugar, 290 bags rice, 35 packages sundries.

Br. S. S. Anglia, Leach, from Midway, with cable, at 4:30 a. m.

Gas. sch. Eclipsa, from Hawaii and Maui ports, at 11:50 p. m.

Saturday, July 4.

S. S. Moana, Carey, from Victoria and Vancouver, at 7 a. m. S. S. Nevada, Weeden, from San Francisco, at 7 a. m. Stmr. Maui, F. Bennett, from Hilo and way ports, at 3 o'clock. Stmr. Lehua, Naopala, from Molokai ports at noon. Am. bark Gerard C. Tobey, 33 days from Oyster Harbor. Am. bktn. Coronado, C. Potter, 24 days from San Francisco.

Sunday, July 5.

Stmr. Mikahala, Gregory, from Kauai ports, at 5:50 a. m. Am. bktn. W. H. Dimond, Nilson, 14 days from San Francisco. Am. sch. J. H. Lunsman, Johnson, 16 days from Laysan Island.

DEPARTED.

Friday, July 3.

Jas. Johnson, Bennecke, for Puget Sound, in ballast. Henry K. Hall, Piltz, for Puget Sound, in ballast. Stmr. Claudine, Parker, for Kahului, at 5 p. m.

Saturday, July 4.

S. S. Gaelic, Finch, for the Orient at 3 p. m. S. S. Moana, Carey, for the Colonies at 2 p. m.

Sunday, July 5.

S. S. Nevada, Weeden, for Kahului, at 5 p. m.

Monday, July 6.

Stmr. Iwalani, Mosher, for Punaluu, at 5 p. m. Stmr. Noeau, Pedersen, for Lahaina, Kaunapali, Honokaa, Kukulhaele, at 5 p. m. Sch. Charles L. Woodbury, for Hilo, at 5 p. m. S. S. Doric, Smith, for San Francisco, at 4 p. m.

Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Tullett, for Kapaa, Anahola, Kilauea, Kailiwal, Hanalei, at 5 p. m.

PASSENGERS.

Arrived.

Per stmr. Maui, from Hilo, July 4.—Mr. and Mrs. Cullin and two children. Mr. and Mrs. Slade and two children. Mr. and Mrs. Colton, E. A. Irish, C. W. Baldwin, Mr. Eckart, Sister Susana, Wat Chong.

Per stmr. Claudine, July 3.—Mrs. Myers, Mrs. Chamberlain, W. E. Shaur and wife, Miss Hadley, Sister Robertina, Miss Annie K. P. Chung, C. E. Wells, Bro. Frank, Bro. Morris, Bro. Leonard, Bro. Martin, Bro. Joseph, Bro. Charles, Mow Sing, T. Okubo, Lam Chew, wife and 2 children. B. K. Kaiwaea and wife, Mrs. Abby, Miss L. Pihl, Miss M. Nicholas, M. McCann, Robt. Shingle.

Per stmr. Noeau, from Hawaii and Maui, July 3.—Miss A. Akana, Miss Williams and 10 deck.

Per stmr. Ke Au Hou, from Hawaii, July 3.—Lena Titcomb, May Titcomb, Mrs. Rodriguez, Miss Matsuy and 10 deck.

Per stmr. Mikahala, from Kauai ports, July 5.—T. Bauman, J. P. Norton, F. W. Macfarlane, Miss D. Whittington, B. K. Baird, K. Egruhl, L. Neigheimer, C. Kimball, R. Atkinson, A. H. Damon, F. J. Cross, Miss A. Wahl, Dr. Derby, Mrs. T. Grace, Mr. Thompson, G. F. Gries, Mr. Ahana, F. Crawford, G. P. Denison, C. H. Dole, W. F. Dillingham, 39 deck.

Per stmr. Kinau, July 6, from Hilo, Mahukona and Lahaina—Prince Kanihalea, Senator Palmer P. Woods, Representative C. A. Long, L. L. McTaggart, L. Warren, F. M. Kiley and wife, W. C. Moore, George Macy, Miss Feeney, R. H. Sterling and wife, E. P. Dow, Wilder Wright, Charles Gunn, R. K. G. Wallace, R. I. Guard, Mrs. A. V. Inman and son, Willie Lucas, O. H. Stevens, Miss Alice West, Miss M. Hoomanawau, Miss L. Hapai, Mrs. A. K. Curtis, W. H. Smith and wife, O. K. Akau, E. J. Roseward, J. McCutliff and wife, Miss Schmidt, Mrs. C. Roseward, child and nurse, Mrs. Tanneen, Mrs. H. Rabinowitz and 2 children, Julius Kane and wife, Capt. H. Berger and 30 members of the band.

Per stmr. Lehua, July 4, from Lanai, Maui and Molokai ports—Inspector King, Miss Kinney, Dr. Moritz, Miss Panabuntui and 23 deck.

Per S. S. Moana, July 4, from Victoria and Vancouver, for Honolulu—Mrs. H. H. Wilson, Miss C. Greene, Alexander Ferguson, David Dunlop.

ARRIVED AT HILO.

July 3. Am. Sp. Falls of Clyde, Matson, 13 days from San Francisco.

Hilo Shipping.

June 21th, Cleared: Am. S. S. Enterprise, Miller master, for San Francisco, with 11 passengers and cargo of sugar and general merchandise as follows: Sugar, 14,400 bags; Peppercorns, 400 bags; Hilo Sugar, 350 bags; Waloken Mill, 600 bags; Olia, 15,400 bags; Hilo and skins, 521 lbs. Coffee, 27,292 lbs. Bananas, 102 bunches. General merchandise amounting to \$234.97. Total cargo, \$221,225.62.

IMMIGRANTS ENTER COUNTRY

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 21.—During the eleven months of the fiscal year the population of the United States has increased as a result of foreign immigration to the extent of 738,225 souls. This number will reach nearly 900,000 by the end of June, according to the estimates of the Commissioner of Immigration, and that will exceed by something like 100,000 the record of the year 1882, when 788,993 aliens came to this country, a total which has never before or since been surpassed. The census figures of the year 1900 show that there were 16 states in the Union, each of which had a population less than the influx of foreigners this fiscal year.

Italy continues to furnish the largest number of immigrants, 37,738 natives of that country having landed last month, as against 36,063 in May of last year. The total Italian immigration for the 11 months of the fiscal year is 208,742, an increase of 49,965 over the corresponding period of 1901. Austro-Hungary comes second in the list with 130,840 since July 1, 1902, an increase of 35,509 over the corresponding period of the previous year. During the 11 months in question Russia furnished 115,699 immigrants, Sweden 40,673, Germany 35,946, and Great Britain 61,219.

Shipping Notes.

(From Monday's daily.)

The cable ship Anglia is moored at the Railway wharf.

The Healan shells used in the races at Pearl Harbor on Saturday were brought up to the city yesterday.

The steamer Mikahala arrived from Kauai ports early yesterday morning. She brought the returning polo people.

The barkentine William H. Dimond arrived from San Francisco yesterday morning after a good run of fourteen days. The Dimond brings a general cargo for W. G. Irwin & Company.

The American schooner J. H. Lunsman, Captain Johnson, arrived from Laysan Island yesterday. She made the trip in sixteen days and brings a cargo of guano for H. Hackfeld & Company.

The barkentine Coronado which arrived from San Francisco on Saturday was delayed on the trip on account of calms. For ten days she was in the doldrums and during that time the vessel moved less than fifty miles. Trade winds were encountered but a few days from this port.

On board the J. H. Lunsman which arrived from Laysan Island yesterday were several cages of canaries and other birds found on the island. There were a hundred or more canaries and all were larger than the average domestic canary, and some of them were sweet singers. There were also some cages containing what is known on the island as the wingless bird. This is a small brown bird with a sharp bill and they can neither fly nor swim. How they came to be on an island in the middle of the Pacific no one is able to explain.

The Bureau of Navigation reports that during the month of May, there were one hundred and twenty-six vessels built in the United States with a gross tonnage of 53,530 tons. The Atlantic and Gulf states led in the number of vessels built, there being seventy-six with a gross tonnage of 24,570 tons. There were forty-six wooden sailing vessels built and two of steel. Of the steam vessels built during the month was the D. G. Kerr, 5531 tons, owned by the Providence Steamship Company.

VESSELS IN PORT.

ARMY AND NAVY.

U. S. S. Iroquois, Rodman, Midway Islands, June 28.

CABLE SHIP.

S. S. Anglia, Leach, Midway Islands, July 3.

MERCHANTMEN.

(This list does not include coasters.)

Acme, Am. sp., Lawrence, Hilo, June 9.

Amelia, Am. bktn., Willer, Eureka, June 27.

Coronado, Am. bktn., Potter, San Francisco, July 4.

Dechmont, Br. sp., Hinrichs, Newcastle, July 2.

Gambie, Am. schr., Knudsen, Port Gambie, June 18.

Gerard E. Tobey, Am. bk. Scott, Nani-mo, July 5.

Hawaiian Isles, Am. sp., Mallett, New York, June 10.

Jabez Howes, Am. sp., Clapp, Newcastle, June 25.

Kohala, Am. bktn., Dedrick, Newcastle, May 21.

Mohican, Kelley, San Francisco, June 29.

Paul Isenberg, Ger. bk., Janssen, Bremen, June 19.

Rosamond, Am. schr., Fernald, San Francisco, June 16.

Robt. Lewers, Am. schr., Underwood, Port Gambie, June 25.

S. N. Castle, Am. bktn., Nilson, San Francisco, June 15.

Susie M. Plummer, Lund, Chile, June 23.

T. H. Lunaman, Am. sch., Johnson, from Laysan Island, July 5.

Theosalus, Sw. sp., Lagerkrantz, Newcastle, June 21.

W. H. Dimond, Am. bktn., Nilson, San Francisco, July 5.

A SEVERE SPRAIN usually disables the injured person for three or four weeks. Cures have often been effected in less than one week by applying Chamberlain's Pain Balm. This liniment has great healing powers. One application gives relief. Try it. All Dealers and Druggists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

ENGRAVINGS
HAWAIIAN GAZETTE CO.

LEGISLATORS IN FEAR OF DAMAGE TO COUNTY ACT

Loan Bill Lost in House by One Vote Because of Little Word.

During the debate in the House yesterday it was evident that the men who were to vote against the Loan Bill later, were especially anxious for the County Bill, and that their opposition to the fiscal measure was due primarily to fears that the rights of counties, as they were planned by the legislators, might be jeopardized by any indication that there was fear of disaster to that act.

All of the talks were along the line of reserving for the counties the privilege of doing the public work for themselves, and the elimination of the Territorial officers from the category. The men who defended the conference report urged that improvements be not delayed by any confusion over technicalities, but that there be a safeguard put into the bill, which would insure the carrying on of the plans of the Legislature, for the completion of the roads and buildings.

There are now conference committees appointed for the Six Months' Salary Bill and the Eighteen Months' Current Account Bill, and the long term salary measure will be the next one to pass the lower house, probably today.

IN THE HOUSE

The House received notice from Secretary Carter of the signature by the Governor of the Unpaid Bills' Act and from the Senate announcing that the upper body refused to concur in amendments to the Six Months' Salary bill, when its usual morning business was over.

Long introduced under suspension of the rules a bill appropriating \$3,385.88, to meet unpaid bills of the Board of Health. There are thirty-one bills in the list of which more than half are dated June 30th, and all come due during this year. The bills are for supplies to the Kalaupapa store.

House Bill No. 9, to purchase right of way from the Coney estate, for the Tantalus road, was passed second reading. Chillingworth suggested that the measure should be sent to a special committee, saying he was without knowledge as to its provisions. When the bill had been read, however, he said that as it simply placed the \$12,000 at the disposal of the government he would withdraw his motion, that finally doing away with all opposition.

Kellinor presented the report of the conference committee on the Loan bill, as it has been published heretofore, with the addition of a minority report signed by Olli and Kanho, stating that they do not concur owing to the insertion of the word "or," after "County" in the heading of appropriations.

Aylett moved that consideration be taken up immediately and began to discuss the insertion of the word "or" in the designation of the island and county. He said it seemed like an expression of doubt as to the effect of the County Act. For himself he felt that the act was valid and that it would be effective. He then explained how the Republican platform had declared for the County Act and one had been passed. He said he had been accused of being a Home Ruler and Royalist, but he was a full fledged Republican. The bill he said carried two millions and a half, and it was his desire that this money be expended by officials elected by the people and not by one man, for the people will bear the burden.

The retention of the word "or," he said, would mean that county officials would have nothing to work upon or with. He then read from the Advertiser the report of the position taken by Mr. Cooper that he should do all work under the Loan Act. He said the county officials would be robbed of all their prerogatives. He would have opposed such appropriations he said, but for the passage of the act giving the people control of the expenditures. If this is done, he said, the county officers would take possession of county buildings only to find them haunted by the ghost of the word "or." If that word was out and the district were designated the result would be better.

FERNANDEZ WANTS IMPROVEMENTS. Mr. Fernandez called attention to the fact that the Supervisors would have simply the power of the road boards, with the handling of funds remaining here. Aylett contended that the Superintendent of Public Works had no power over county matters.

Fernandez said he moved to adopt the report for his contention was that the appropriations should be spent at the point for which intended and at no other. This was his main fight and he won it as well as that to keep the word "County" in the bill. It was simply a matter of getting around a difficulty so as to reach the desired end. He explained that without the word "or" there would be no money available and that what the people wanted was work done, and that right away. The House took a recess when he concluded.

Olli began the argument against "or" after luncheon, saying that the word would act as a door to close out the people from their rights. He insisted that it was the intention to keep the word "County" in the bill without any limitations. He said there seemed a doubt on some hands as to the validity of the County Law, which was now being expressed by the qualifications. He declared the reason was that the people simply wanted to be able to use all the money within the six months.

Fernandez argued that the question was whether the wants of the people were not more important than the little word to which objection was made. The money would be forthcoming as soon as the President signed the bill, he said, and then the people would have roads and a chance to work, while without this bill they must wait two years. He could tell his constituents when he went back, that he had secured \$3,000 appropriations. If this bill as now framed should pass he could say that the work would begin at once, but without the amendment then all he could say was that there might be improvements some time.

AYLETT SCORES OPPOSITION. Aylett scored Superintendent Cooper for opposition to the County Law and gave a history of the law in its passage through both Houses. He said the little word "or" would wipe out the word "County". Chillingworth argued that the insertion of the word "or" would insure to the people the improvements desired whatever fight might be made on the County Act and by whomsoever. It was an insurance, a safeguard for the people. He declared that county government was the cry of everyone, and he was a candidate solely on that account, and he was not afraid that the law would not become operative. However, he said, it was a duty to protect the people, and make certain that the money would be expended just where the Legislature desired, no matter what accidents might befall the County law.

COURTS WILL SETTLE IT. Andrade said the matter was of such importance that he thought he should explain one point. The word "or" would be interpreted "and", so that there would be no question of the meaning. He argued that it was wise to safeguard the public interest. Pale insisted that the object of the bill was to furnish money for the county government and this should be the aim of the members.

Harris showed that the Legislature had appropriated \$4,650,000, which with the amounts to be expended in the counties would be increased to nearly \$7,000,000 while the revenues for the two years would be not above \$4,800,000. In other words, he said, the Territory could not support its departments and do any public work. He wanted to see \$2,500,000 expended on public works which would mean prosperous times. The spending of this money was of more importance than the word "or". Vida began by saying that he favored a loan bill and did not think the County bill should be held up. If the Governor and the council were so loyal to the people why did not the Executive call another session of the Legislature so that the County bill could be remodelled. The County bill was the first thing before the people. The integrity of the measure must be upheld, but at the same time there should be no interference with the Loan bill, which meant public works for the islands, and he would ask every one to support the report.

CONFERENCE REPORT KILLED. The roll was then called and the report was killed as follows, the chair not voting.

Ayes—Andrade, Chillingworth, Fernandez, Gandall, Greenwell, Hala, Harris, Kalli, Kellinor, Knudsen, Nakaleka, Pali, Purdy, Vida, Wright—15. Noes—Aylett, Damiana, Kanho, Kela-waa, Kou, Kumale, Kuphea, Lewis, Long, Olli, Pale—11.

Long asked to change his vote, but the Speaker ruled it too late. It was then voted that the Senate be asked for another conference, and the House decided to adjourn.

DORIC COMES IN AHEAD OF TIME

The S. S. Doric, Captain Smith, arrived from the Orient early yesterday morning a full half day ahead of time. During the trip the boat experienced good weather. Yesterday she sighted an unknown steamer painted a lead color with a black funnel and two masts. The steamer was bound this way. There is no vessel due here at present which would in the position where the Doric sighted her, and unless she is a warship running slow she should have made port today if she was bound for Honolulu.

The Doric left Hongkong, June 18. She stopped at Amoy for some opium, and left Nagasaki June 23, Kobe June 24, and Yokohama on June 27. She brought 600 tons of freight for this port.

Among the passengers in Chester North, a Californian who is going home from a pleasure trip in the Orient.

Thomas Hawkesworth is going to the mainland on business. He is a business man of Shanghai.

O. H. P. Noyes is a tea merchant returning from his usual annual trip to the Orient.

Captain E. F. Widdington of the Royal Army is returning home on leave.

The Doric sailed for San Francisco yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock. She took two layover passengers from here, Mrs. Wm. A. Akers and Mrs. L. L. Terry, who are returning to their home Salt Lake City.

The Doric expects to reach San Francisco on Sunday, nearly two days ahead of time.

NEVADAN WILL GO AHEAD OF TIME

The S. S. Nevada will sail for San Francisco on Saturday at noon which is several days ahead of her schedule time. She will therefore carry mail. The cause of the change is the Minnetonka which made such a slow trip around the Horn that she will not come to Honolulu, but will be dispatched from San Francisco direct for New York. Therefore the Nevada will take a full cargo of sugar from here, which will be trans-shipped to the Minnetonka at San Francisco, and thence sent around the Horn to New York. This is the first time that sugar has been transferred in this manner.

TO SAIL TODAY.

Stmr. J. A. Cummins, D. Bennett, for Koolau ports, at 6:30 a. m.

Gas. sch. Eclipsa, Townsend, for Maui and Kohala ports and Kailua, at 6 p. m.

Stmr. Mikahala, Gregory, for Kauai ports, at 5 p. m.

Stmr. Lehua, Napala, for Molokai ports, at 5 p. m.

Stmr. Kinau, Freeman, for Hilo and way ports, at noon.

Stmr. Claudine, Parker, for Maui ports, at 5 p. m.

ton, and House bill No. 3, appropriating \$3000 for the Territorial band to pay expenses of tours to other islands. Both the bills passed first reading on motions respectively.

BILL AMENDED.

The House returned Senate bill No. 9, making special appropriations for the departmental use of the Government for the 18 months beginning January 1, 1904, as having passed third reading in the House with certain amendments. The aggregate was increased by nearly \$48,000 to \$1,470,935.

Senator Isenberg moved that the Senate concur in the amendments, and Senator Dickey that it do not concur. The latter changed his motion to refer the communication with the bill to the committee on Public Expenditures. Senator Paris renewed the motion not to concur.

The motion to concur was declared carried on a show of hands, 7 to 4. Senator Dickey raised the point of order that concurrence could only be carried by vote of ayes and noes, which was ruled well taken.

NO CONCURRENCE.

The motion to concur was lost on the following vote, from not having a majority of the whole Senate: Ayes—Brown, J. T., Isenberg, Kallie, Kalaokalani, Kaohi, Nakapahu, Woods—7. Noes—Achil, Crabbe, Dickey, McCandless, Paris—5.

A motion for a conference committee was then carried by 5 to 4 voting. Senator Achil promised a report of the conference committee on the loan appropriation bill at 2 o'clock.

ANOTHER CONFERENCE.

President Crabbe, in answer to Senator J. T. Brown, said he would appoint a conference committee on the six months' salaries bill, deferred last Friday, at the afternoon session.

Senator J. T. Brown was excused for the remainder of the session owing to the illness of his wife. Senator Paris presented a report on the Attorney General's letter asking for an appropriation of \$1000 to pay the expenses of E. P. Dole's mission to Washington. It recommended that the letter be laid on the table, as a bill covering the amount had been introduced in the House.

Recess was taken at 10:30 till 2 p. m. At the afternoon session Senator Achil presented the report of the conference committee on the loan appropriation bill. On motion of Senator Dickey, the report was adopted.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEES.

President Crabbe appointed the following conference committees: Senate bill No. 2, the six months' salaries appropriations—Achil, Kalaokalani, McCandless, Woods, Paris, Nakapahu and Baldwin.

On eighteen months' general expenses bill, House bill No. 8—Dickey, Achil, Kaohi, Woods and Isenberg. At 2:30 the Senate adjourned for the day.

WORKED UP WORLD'S FAIR INTERESTS.

Goodman King, the St. Louis Fair Commissioner, passed through Honolulu on the Doric yesterday en route to St. Louis. He has been in Japan in the interests of the fair and is returning home after a most successful tour. He visited the principal cities of the kingdom, Nikko, Tokio, Kobe, Nagasaki, and Yokohama, and was entertained in all these places. He also delivered addresses wherever he went in the interests of the St. Louis Fair, and reports the greatest interest among the Japanese in the coming American exposition. Speaking of his tour yesterday, he said:

"I have been very successful in getting the Japanese interested in our fair. They are most enthusiastic; over everything pertaining to it, and will have an exhibit which will fully represent the nation as a whole. The government voted a sum of \$400,000 to defray expenses, and for fear that might not be enough they are willing to give a further sum of \$200,000 to make sure that their exhibit will be a success. I find that the Japanese are truly enterprising people and I feel assured that their department will be one of the most interesting ones at the St. Louis Exposition."

During their stay here while the steamer was in port Mr. and Mrs. King were entertained by Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Lake.

BY AUTHORITY

PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

LEASE OF LAND OF HONOLULU.

On Wednesday, July 23, 1902, at 12 o'clock noon, at the front entrance of the Judiciary Building, will be sold at Public Auction the lease of the land of Honouliuli, N. Kona, Hawaii, containing an area of 3044 acres, a little more or less.

Term—21 years.

Upset rental—\$2500 per annum.

For further particulars as to conditions of lease, plan, etc., apply at the Public Lands Office, Honolulu.

ED. S. BOYD, Commissioner of Public Lands.

Public Lands Office, June 29, 1902.

2499

TERRITORY OF HAWAII.

Treasurer's Office, Honolulu, Oahu.

In re Dissolution of the Judd & Company, Limited.

Whereas, the Judd & Company, Limited, a corporation established and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the Territory of Hawaii, has pursuant to law in such cases made and provided, duly filed in this office, a petition for the dissolution of the said corporation, together with a certificate thereto annexed as required by law.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given to any and all persons that have been or are now interested in any manner whatsoever in the said corporation, that objections to the granting of the said petition must be filed in this office on or before 9 o'clock a. m., July 15th, 1902, and that any person or persons desiring to be heard thereon must be in attendance at the office of the undersigned, in the Capitol Building, Honolulu, at 9 o'clock a. m., of said day, to show cause, if any, why said petition should not be granted.

A. N. KAPOKAI, Treasurer Territory of Hawaii.

Honolulu, May 6th, 1902. 2497

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

Gear Lansing & Co by Trs to A M Pires; D; Lot 13, Kaonoulu Lots, Kula, Maui; \$850. B 249, p 256. Dated Dec 2, 1902.

Wahla & wf to H A Baldwin; D; int in 1/4 share in Hui land Uluamau, Hamakualoa, Maui; \$110. B 249, p 257. Dated June 13, 1903.

John Fuller to H A Baldwin; D; int in 1/4 share in Hui land Uluamau, Hamakualoa, Maui; \$110. B 249, p 258. Dated June 13, 1903.

J E Goetas & wf to M E Goes Tr; Tr D; Lot 11 of Gr 3652, Kailhi, Honolulu, Oahu; \$1. B 249, 255. Dated June 12, 1903.

A Perry to Anna Perry et als; D; 5-6 int in Gr 4728, Wailupe, Honolulu, Oahu; \$4166.56 2-3. B 249, p 252. Dated June 15, 1903.

Recorded June 25.

Hing Chan Co to Co P D; Groceries Fruits etc, Fish Market, Honolulu, Oahu; Capital Stock \$4,000. B 245, p 451. Dated June 25, 1903.

Recorded June 26.

I E Ray & wf to Hilo Sea Right Cong Sau Co; D; p land & 8 ft right way, Hilo,